

**FAM14
FSR14
FUD14
FSU14**



**SERIES 14 – A NEW CHAPTER IN THE
CENTRALISED INSTALLATION OF WIRELESS
ACTUATORS.**

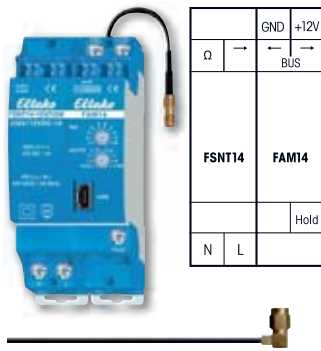
Series 14 – RS485-Bus rail-mounted devices for the centralised Wireless Building installation

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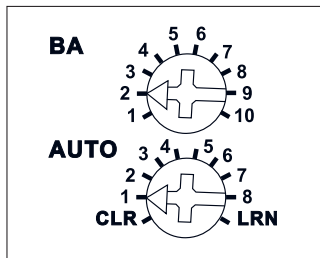
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The Eltako wireless system works with the reliable and worldwide standardized EnOcean wireless technology in 868 MHz. It transmits ultra short and interference-proof signals with a range of up to 100 meters in halls. Eltako wireless pushbuttons reduce the electrosmog load since they emit high-frequency waves that are 100 times weaker than conventional light switches. There is also a significant reduction in low-frequency alternating fields since fewer power cables need to be installed in the building.



The enclosed small antenna can be replaced with a wireless antenna FA250 or if need be FA200 with magnetic base and cable.

Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-44.



FAM14



1-3

Wireless antenna module for the Eltako RS485 bus with exchangeable antenna. With enclosed power supply FSNT14-12V/12W. Bidirectional. Encrypted wireless. Only 1 watt standby loss. If required, a wireless antenna FA250 or FA200 can be connected.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules = 36 mm wide, 58 mm deep. Supply voltage 230 V.

The delivery includes 1 power supply FSNT14-12V/12W, 1 Spacer DS14, 2 terminators with printing Ω , 1/2 module, 3 jumpers 1 module (including 1 spare), 1 jumper 1,5 TE, 2 jumpers 1/2 module (including 1 spare) and 1 jumper installation tool SMW14.

If the power supply is subjected to a load of more than 4 W, a ventilation distance of ½ to neighboring devices must be maintained on the left side. With a load greater than 6 W, a ½ ventilation gap is also required between the FSNT14 and the FAM14 with the DS14 spacer.

A DS14 spacer and a long jumper are therefore included. If the total power requirement of a series 14 bus system is higher than 10 W, an additional FSNT14-12V/12W must be used for every 12 W of additional power. Optionally, 12 V DC can also be supplied at the GND/+12 V terminals.

The wireless antenna module FAM14 receives and tests all signals from wireless transmitters and repeaters within the receiving range. These are transmitted via an RS485 interface to RS485 bus switching actuators connected in series:

Up to 126 channels can be connected to the Eltako RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper. The attached second terminator has to be plugged to the last actuator.

You can teach in up to 128 encrypted sensors.

Mini USB to connect to a PC, to create an equipment list, to configure the actuators using the PC tool PCT14 and for data backup. A legalisation code to download the PCT14 from the Eltako website www.eltako.com is supplied with the FAM14.

Gateways FGW14 and FGW14-USB will be connected to the terminal Hold when they connect a PC with a RS232 bus and/or up to 3 wireless receiver modules FEM with a sub-bus RS485.

FTS14EM, FTS14TG and FWG14MS will be also connected to terminal Hold.

The lower rotary switch is required to teach in encrypted sensors and can be turned to AUTO 1 in operation. Unencrypted sensors need not be taught-in in the FAM14.

With the upper rotary switch BA 10 different operating modes can be set as described in the operating instructions.

The upper LED displays all perceived wireless commands in the reception area by short flickering.

The bottom LED lights up green if a connection from the PC tool PCT14 to the FAM14 was created. When reading or writing date the LED flashes green. The green LED goes out if the connection from the PC tool PCT14 to the FAM14 was terminated.

FAM14	Wireless antenna module	EAN 4010312313695	107,00 €/pc.
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FA250 AND FA200

Wireless antennas with magnetic base

The small enclosed wireless antenna of the wireless antenna modules FAM14 can be replaced by a larger antenna to feed wireless signals into metallic switching cabinets. It is mounted on the magnetic base externally and the cable is routed inside the cabinet to the FAM14.

Height of the FA250 only 10 cm, height of the FA200 59 cm.

FA250	Wireless antenna with 250 cm cable, black	EAN 4010312300244	26,10 €/pc.
FA250-gw	Wireless antenna with 250 cm cable, grey white	EAN 4010312317051	26,10 €/pc.
FA200	High-performance receive antenna with 200 cm cable	EAN 4010312303306	74,90 €/pc.

1-4



FEM



Wireless receiver antenna module for the RS485 sub-bus. Only 0.5 watt standby loss.

SMA socket for small enclosed antenna. The reception range can be increased by placing a larger wireless antenna FA250* or FA200* in the optimised position.

Housing dimensions L x W x H: 78 x 40 x 22 mm.

Up to three wireless receiver modules in a separate mini-housing can be installed at any point in the building in addition to an FAM14 and connected via a Gateway FGW14 to the main bus by a 4-wire screened sub-bus line (e.g. telephone line).

Therefore connect the terminals RSA/RSB of the FEM with the terminals RSA2/RSB2 of the FGW14.

Also connect the terminals +12 V/GND of the FEM with the terminals +12 V/GND of the FGW14.

Wiring of several FEM should take place with a line in the form of a chain, as prescribed in RS485 bus systems.

A radial wiring with one line per FEM is not allowed.

In each of the three wireless receiver modules, the jumper must be plugged into a different position.

For this purpose, carefully open the housing on the narrow side with a screwdriver at the side provided.

Blade width 6.5 mm, max. 1.5 mm thick.

* see chapter Z
WEEE registration number DE 30298319

FEM	Wireless receiver antenna module	EAN 4010312313848	83,60 €/pc.
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FEM65-wg

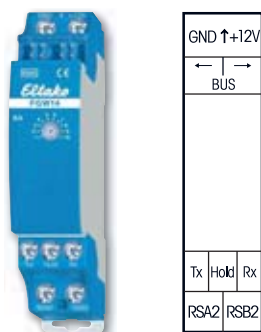
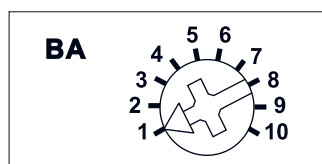


Wireless receiver antenna module for the RS485 sub-bus. In the housing for surface mounting 84 x 84 x 30 mm or mounting into the E-Design65 switching system. Only 0.5 watt standby loss.

We recommend stainless-steel countersunk screws 2.9 x 25 mm, DIN 7982 C for screw fixing on 55 mm switch boxes. Set of 2 stainless-steel countersunk screws 2.9 x 25 mm and plugs 5 x 25 mm are enclosed.

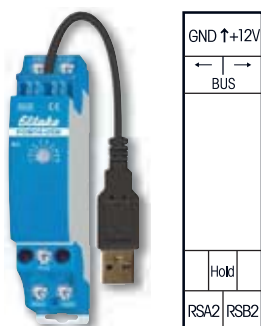
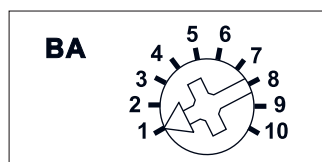
Up to three wireless receiver modules FEM and/or FEM65 can be installed at any point in the building in addition to a FAM14 and connected via a gateway FGW14 to the main bus by a 4-wire screened sub-bus line (e.g. telephone line).

FEM65-wg	Wireless receiver antenna module, pure white glossy	EAN 4010312315934	88,50 €/pc.
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**Mode switch**

Standard setting ex works.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

**Operating mode rotary switch**

Standard setting ex works.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FGW14

Multiple Gateway. Bidirectional. Only 0.5 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18mm wide, 58mm deep. The gateway is only 1 module wide but has multiple uses: For coupling of up to three FEM, for direct connection via the RS232 interface with the PC, for connection to the bus components of the older Series 12 or as a bus connector of two RS485 buses of Series 14.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Operation in conjunction with FAM14 or FTS14KS.

The Hold terminal is connected to the FAM14 or the FTS14KS.

Wireless receiver modules FEM are connected in parallel to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2 as well as the power supply terminals GND and +12V.

Up to 10 pushbutton input modules FTS12EM can be connected in series to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2. If necessary in series with wireless receiver modules FEM.

The PC connection is via connection to the terminals Tx and Rx.

Series 12 actuators are connected to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2. There is no Hold connection in this case.

A second series 14 bus is fed into the terminals RSA2/RSB2.

The settings of the **operating mode rotary switch BA** are carried out as described in the operating instructions.

FGW14	Multiple gateway	EAN 4010312313855	60,00 €/pc.
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FGW14-USB

Gateway with USB-A connection. Bidirectional. Only 0.3 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

The gateway is only 1 module wide but has multiple uses: To connect a Smart Home central unit SafeIV or PC via a USB interface, to couple up to three FEM devices, for connection to the bus components of the older Series 12 or as a bus connector of two RS485 buses of Series 14.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper. Operation in conjunction with FAM14 or FTS14KS.

The Hold terminal is connected to the FAM14 or the FTS14KS.

The PC is connected via a USB interface running at 9600 baud or 58 kbaud.

Wireless receiver modules FEM are connected in parallel to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2 as well as the power supply terminals GND and +12 V.

Up to 10 pushbutton input modules FTS12EM can be connected in series to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2. If necessary in series with wireless receiver modules FEM.

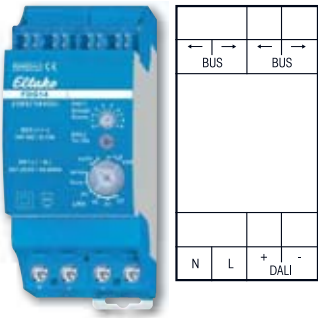
The SafeIV or PC connection is via connection to the terminals Tx and Rx.

Series 12 actuators are connected to the sub-bus terminals RSA2 and RSB2. There is no Hold connection in this case.

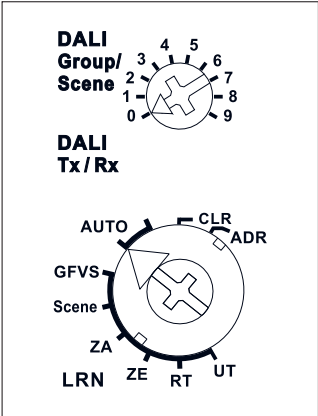
A second series 14 bus is fed into the terminals RSA2/RSB2.

The settings of the **operating mode rotary switch BA** are carried out as described in the operating instructions.

FGW14-USB	Gateway with USB connection	EAN 4010312316054	60,00 €/pc.
USB-Kabel	2 m long, Type A, ST/BU	EAN 4010312907702	12,10 €/pc.



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FDG14



DALI gateway, bidirectional. Only 1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules = 36 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Operation in conjunction with FAM14.

Power supply 230 V at terminals N and L.

16 V DC/130 mA can be connected to the DALI terminals +/- for up to 64 DALI devices.

The gateway FDG14 controls DALI devices with EnOcean wireless transmitters via the FAM14.

As of production week 14/16 **Groups 0-15** can be controlled and the **broadcast command** can be sent. In addition **DALI scenes 0-15** can be controlled.

DALI installations, which are to be fully controlled with the FDG14, must be configured in groups 0-15.

The FDG14 internally saves the dimming value for each of the groups 0-15 and supplies this value as feedback. The same feedback telegrams are generated as for an FUD14. The FDG14 occupies 16 BR14 device addresses. The feedbacks of the device addresses correspond to the dimming values of the DALI groups 0-15 in ascending order. Feedbacks can be converted by the PCT14 for each individual group of dimming value telegrams (%) to pushbutton telegrams (ON/OFF). Feedbacks can then control BR14 actuators. The FDG14 fulfils the function of the DALI master and the DALI power supply. The rotary switches can only teach in pushbuttons for groups 0-8 and DALI scenes 0-9. Activation telegrams for groups 9-15 and scenes 10-15 are only possible by entries in PCT14.

As of Production Week 30/19, the FDG14 can be used as a single-channel device '**FDG14-Broadcast**'. This is defined when the device address is issued.

Important: Wireless pushbuttons always need to be double-clicked when they are taught-in manually in the FDG14. CLR only needs a single click.

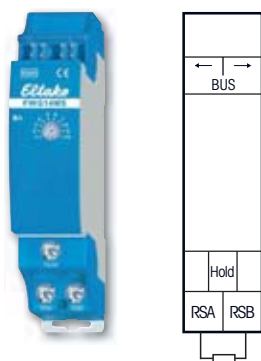
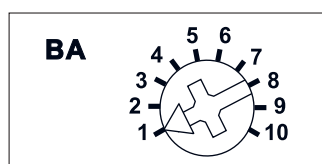
A direction pushbutton or universal pushbutton with identical ID and identical pushbutton can be taught in several times in different groups. The group last selected is always valid. Therefore, a pushbutton can either switch only one group or broadcast to all groups.

One FBH per group can also be taught in. With a manual teach-in this always acts dependent on brightness.

With PCT14 you can also set the brightness threshold.

The delay time for switch-off after no motion is detected can be set together in minutes (1 ... 60) for the FBH devices of all groups. The default is 3 minutes.

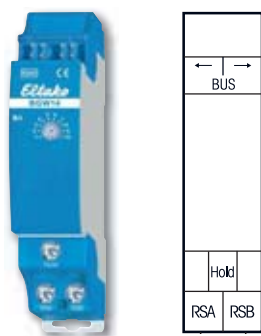
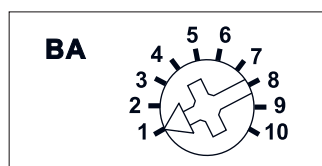
FDG14	DALI gateway	EAN 4010312316085	92,80 €/pc.
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**Operating mode rotary switch**

Standard setting ex works

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

**Mode switch**

Standard setting ex works.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FWG14MS



1-7

Weather data gateway for multi sensor MS. Bidirectional. Only 0.3 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

A multisensor MS at the gateway is connected to terminals RSA and RSB. The information is received once per second and converted into bus telegrams.

However, several FWG14MS can be connected to a multisensor MS e.g. to control several Eltako RS485 buses with only one MS multisensor. Only at one FWG14MS must the end resistor connected. At additional FWG14MS, this resistor must be removed.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper. Operation in conjunction with FAM14 or FTS14KS.

The Hold terminal is connected to the FAM14 or the FTS14KS. A maximum of two FWG14MS devices can be operated in one bus. The telegram duplicator FTD14 can also send telegrams over the Wireless Building System after the IDs of the FGW14MS are taught in the FTD14 or entered using the PTC14. Receiving devices can then be FSB14, FSB61NP and FSB71. If the multisensor MS signal is not received, an alarm telegram is sent. Using the PC Tool PCT14, 96 inputs can be AND or OR linked and up to 12 outputs can be output.

The **BA operating mode rotary switch** can be configured according to the operating instructions.

FWG14MS	Weather data gateway	EAN 4010312316887	60,00 €/pc.
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BGW14

**RS485 bus gateway. Bidirectional. Only 0.3 watt standby loss.**

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.**Operation in conjunction with FAM14 or FTS14KS.**

The Hold terminal is connected to the FAM14 or the FTS14KS.

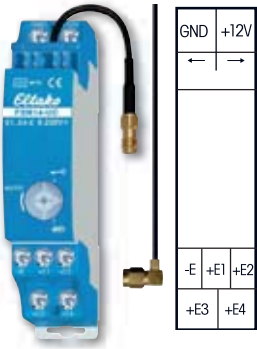
Up to 16 RS485 sensors, e.g. BUTH65D/12V DC, BBH65/12V DC and BTR65H/12V DC can be connected to the RSA/RSB terminals. See chapter 8, page 8-19 and 8-20. Standard telephone wire is sufficient as connecting lead: J-Y (ST) Y 2x2x0,8 mm² or equivalent.

The permitted maximum line length is 1000 m. The second 120 Ω terminal resistor must also be connected to the RSA/RSB terminals of the remotest sensor.

With up to 8 BGW14 devices, the data of up to 128 sensors can be fed to the RS485 bus.

Set the **operating mode rotary switch BA** according to the operating instructions.

BGW14	RS485 bus gateway	EAN 4010312319062	60,00 €/pc.
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Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FSM14-UC



Wireless 4-fold transmitter module. With exchangeable antenna. If required, a wireless antenna FA250 can be connected. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper. Alternatively, the power supply can be performed with a switching power supply unit 12 V DC at the terminals +12 V/GND.

This wireless transmitter module has four channels and, like a wireless 4-way pushbutton, it can transmit wireless telegrams into the Eltako wireless network. E1 initiates a wireless telegram like 'press rocker above' of a wireless pushbutton with one rocker, E2 like 'press rocker below', E3 like 'press left rocker above' of a wireless pushbutton with double rocker and E4 like 'press left rocker below' of a wireless pushbutton with double rocker.
The telegram on opening the control contacts is identical like 'release wireless pushbutton'.
Several wireless transmitter modules must not be switched at the same time.
The universal control voltage at +En/-E processes control commands from 8 to 253 V AC or 10 to 230 V DC with a length of at least 0.2 seconds. Max. parallel capacitance (approx. length) of control lead at 230 V 0.9 µF. This corresponds to a length of approx. 3000 meters.
If the terminals E1 and E2 are connected with a bridge, the wireless telegram is transmitted from E2, as long as the control voltage is applied, e.g. for central commands with priority.
The rotary switch is required for the activation or deactivation of encryption and is set to AUTO in operation.
Activate encryption: Turn the rotary switch to the right stop (position key) and press once.
Deactivate encryption: Turn the rotary switch to the left stop (position crossed out key) and press once.

FSM14-UC	Wireless 4-fold transmitter module	EAN 4010312316078	61,80 €/pc.
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Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

F3Z14D



1-9

Wireless meter concentrator for electricity, gas and water meters.
For 3 S0 interfaces and/or 3 AFZ scanners, only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

This meter concentrator concentrates the data of up to three electricity, data and water meters and supplies this data to the RS485 bus. Either for forwarding to an external computer or for sending over the Wireless Building System.

Hook-up is either by connection to the S0 interface of the meters or by use of an AFZ scanner on each Ferraris meter. The scanner is bonded above the rotary disc of the meter and connected by its connecting wire to one of the S01-S03/GND terminals. The F3Z14D detects automatically whether an S0 interface or an AFZ is connected.

The meter reading is entered into the display by two pushbuttons as well as the impulse rate (number of impulses or revolutions per kilowatt hour or cubic meter). The settings can be locked.

Meter readings can be entered and read out using the **PCT14 PC Tool**. In addition, impulse rates can be entered. The default display is selectable and operation of the device is interlocked.

The display is subdivided into 3 fields.

Field 1:

The default display is the unit of the meter reading currently displayed in field 3, either in kilowatt hours kWh or megawatt hours MWh or cubic meter M3 or cubic decametre DM3

Field 2:

Momentary value of active power in watts and kilowatts or flow in centilitres and decilitres.

The arrow on the left in display field 1 indicates automatic switchover from 0-99 W or cl/s to 0.1 to 65 kW or dal/s. The display depends on the number of impulses of the meter.

The displayed minimum load is e.g. 10 watts at 2000 impulses per KWH and 2000 watts at 10 impulses per KWH.

Field 3:

The meter reading is the default display. Every 4 seconds, the display alternates between 3 integer numbers and 1 decimal point (from 0 to 999.9) and an additional 1 or to 3 integer numbers (from 0 to 999).

Select meter in display:

Press MODE and then press MODE again to select the **ANZ function**. Press SET to select the meter number to be displayed as default. Press MODE to confirm.

Issue device address in the bus and send teach-in telegrams as described in the operating instructions.

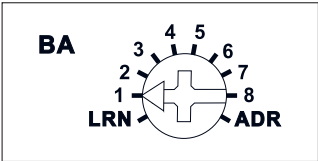
All Eltako energy meters are fitted with an S0 interface and can therefore be connected to the energy meter concentrator F3Z14D. Only devices FWZ14-65A, DSZ14DRS-3x80A and DSZ14WDRS-3x5A are directly connected to the bus.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40

F3Z14D	RS485 bus meter collector	EAN 4010312501528	52,90 €/pc.
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Function rotary switch



Standard setting ex works.



IR scanner for energy meters

Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FSDG14



**Wireless energy meter data gateway for meters equipped with an IEC 62056-21 IR interface.
2 channels. Only 0.4 watt standby loss.**

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

This energy meter data gateway can provide the data of an electronic domestic supply meter (eHZ-EDL) with IR interface according to IEC 62056-21 and SML protocol version 1 to the RS485 bus. Either for forwarding to an external computer or the GFVS software.

Regular flashing of the **green LED** indicates that the FSDG14 is receiving data from the meter. Active power, up to 4 meter readings and the serial number are transferred. The serial number corresponds to the last 4 bytes (hex) of the server ID printed on the meter. The telegram is sent over the wireless building service by means of the wireless antenna module FAM14. Usage data are transmitted over channel 1 and delivery data over channel 2. It is therefore essential for the FAM14 to issue a device address. If there is a change in active power or a meter reading, the appropriate telegram is sent immediately and all telegrams including the serial number are sent cyclically every 10 minutes.

The PCT14 PC tool can also read out the FSDG14.

Turn the rotary switch to select the following operating modes (OBIS codes according to IEC 62056-61):

- 1: Usage meter (1.8.0) and usage power on channel 1, delivery meter (2.8.0) and delivery power on Channel 2.
- 2: Usage tariff 1 (1.8.1) and tariff 2 (1.8.2) and usage power on channel 1, delivery tariff 1 (2.8.1) and tariff 2 (2.8.2) and delivery power on channel 2.
- 3: Usage tariff 1 (1.8.1) and tariff 2 (1.8.2) and usage power on channel 1, delivery meter (2.8.0) and delivery power on Channel 2.
- 4: Usage meter (1.8.0) and usage power on channel 1, delivery tariff 1 (2.8.1) and tariff 2 (2.8.2) and delivery power on channel 2.

The link is made by using an AIR IR scanner. The scanner is attached by its fixing magnets to the IR output of the meter and is connected by its connecting cable to terminals Rx, GND and +12 V.

FSDG14	RS485 bus energy meter data gateway	EAN 4010312316146	47,90 €/pc.
AIR	IR scanner for energy meters	EAN 4010312316153	102,80 €/pc.



PCT14

The PC tool for Series 14 and 71

PCT14 is a PC-installed service program (PC Tool) to acquire, edit, save and reimport the settings of Eltako Series 14 and 71 actuators.

It can be downloaded from '<https://www.eltako.com/en/software.html>' in the 'Software' area. A card with the corresponding QR code is included with every FAM14 and FTS14KS.

PCT14	PC tool for Series 14 and 71	Included in the scope of supply of the FAM14 and FTS14KS
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QUICK START GUIDE FOR SERIES 14 AND 71

After installing PCT14:

1. Establish connection between PC and FAM14, FTS14KS or DAT71.

Connect the PC and the mini-USB port with a USB cable. It may happen that the first connection automatically installs a driver. If the connection is successful, the status bar displays the used COM.

2. After installing the actuators, create a device list:

Right-click in the left window section to display the context menu. Select the command 'Update device list and read device memory' from the context menu. After the query for the RS485 bus, all the available devices are displayed. Other actions can be carried out by executing context menu commands. Right-click to display the context menu. The status line is located at the lower border of the program window and contains information on the context menu commands. Click on 'Help' for more information.

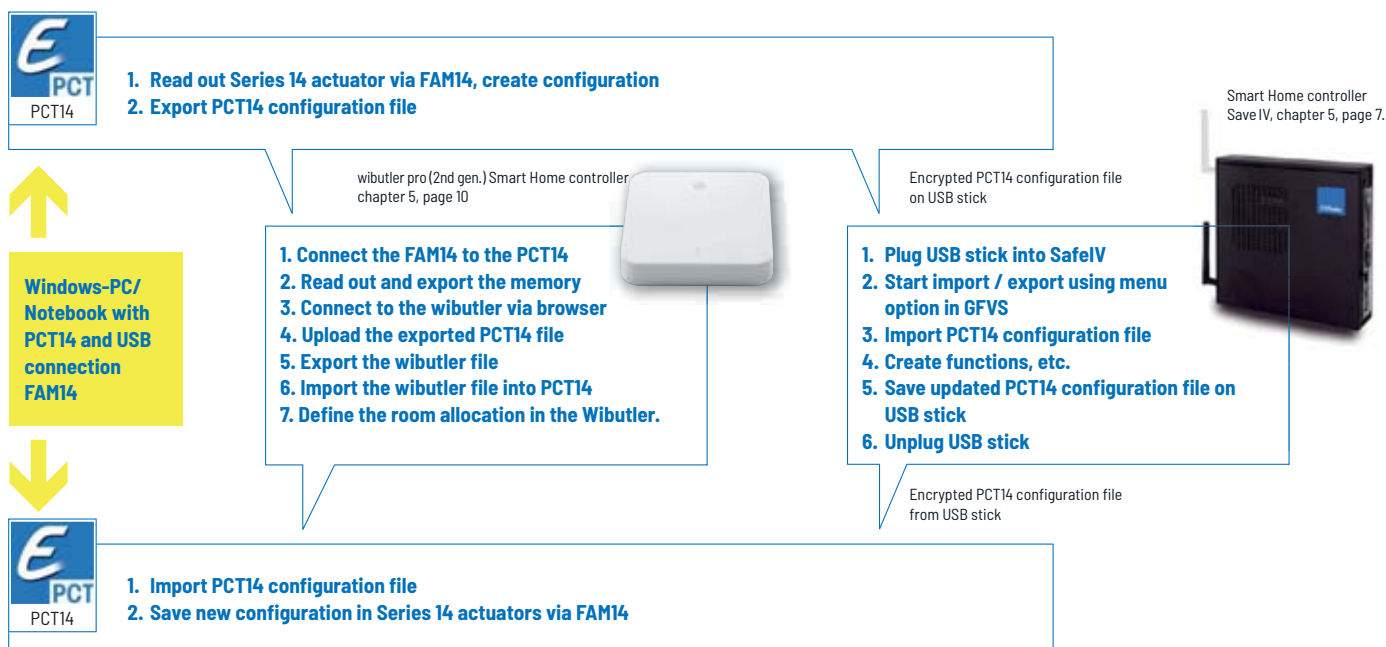
PCT14 PC Tool with export and import functions

PCT14 is capable of reading all sensor-actuator set-ups from Series 14 and Series 71 actuators fully automatically and exporting the data to the GFVS. The virtual pushbutton is generated here for GFVS and is then re-imported to Series 14 actuators.

Saved designations are also transferred. Overlaying the GFVS on a fully set-up Series-14 Wireless Building System is then a simple task for an electrician. For data exchange a Windows-PC/Notebook is needed.

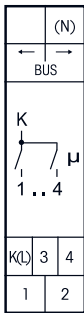
PROCEDURE PCT14 DATA EXCHANGE WITH WIBUTLER PRO (2nd GEN.) AND GFVS 4.0

The software can be used with one of the following devices:

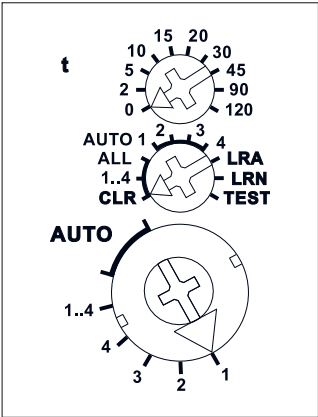


RS485 BUS ACTUATOR 4-CHANNEL IMPULSE SWITCH FSR14-4x

1-12



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FSR14-4x



4-channel impulse switch with integrated relay function, 1 NO contact per channel 4 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 200 W, incandescent lamps 1000 watts, potential free from the power supply, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to K(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

When all 4 relays of the FSR14-4x are switched on, a power of 0.7 watts is required.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

The channels can be taught-in as ES and/or ER channel separately from each other.

Scene control:

Several channels of one or several FSR14-4x devices can be switched on or off in a scene by one of the four signals of a pushbutton with double rocker taught-in as a scene pushbutton.

Central commands on PC are sent using the Wireless Building Visualisation and Control Software GFVS. To do this, teach-in one or several FSR14-4x devices.

Use the rotary switches to teach-in the pushbuttons and test the 4 channels as required. For normal mode, the middle and lower rotary switches are then set to AUTO. With the upper rotary switch the EW time (0-120 seconds) is directly set for relays or the RV time (0-120 minutes) for impulse switches for all channels if necessary.

If **wireless motion/brightness sensors FBH (Master) and/or FBH (slave)** are taught-in, the switching threshold will be set with the upper rotary switch, separated for each channel, at which the lighting will be switched on or off. Settings of the upper rotary switch in accordance with operating instructions.

When wireless brightness sensors are taught-in, define the switching threshold separately for each channel using the top rotary switch. The switching threshold switches the lighting on or off depending on the brightness (from approx. 0lux in position 0 to approx. 50lux in position 120). A hysteresis of approx. 300 lux is permanently set for switch on/off.

An additionally set RV time is not taken into account.

Only one FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in per channel. However a FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in into several channels.

When wireless window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in, different functions can be set with the middle rotary switch in position AUTO 1 to AUTO 4 and linked to maximum 116 FTKs:

AUTO 1 = window closed then output active.

AUTO 2 = window open then output active.

In settings AUTO 3 and AUTO 4 the FTKs taught-in to a single channel are linked automatically. With AUTO 3 all FTKs must be closed so that the N/O contact closes (e.g. for climate control). With AUTO 4 one open FTK is sufficient to close the N/O contact (e.g. for an alarm signal or to switch on the power supply for an extractor hood).

One or several FTKs can be taught-in in several channels to allow several simultaneous functions in each FTK.

After a power failure the link is restored by a new signal to the FTK and a signal on the next status message 15 minutes later.

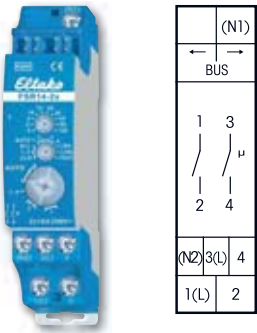
An additionally set RV time is not taken into account.

Function with **wireless smoke alarm detectors FRW** or **water sensors** according to the operating instructions.

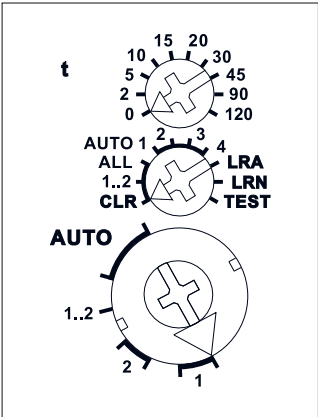
The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FSR14-4x	RS485 bus actuator Impulse switch with integr. relay function	EAN 4010312313701	55,10 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS ACTUATOR 2-CHANNEL IMPULSE SWITCH FSR14-2x



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FSR14-2x



1-13

2-channel impulse switch with integrated relay function, 1+1 NO contacts potential free 16 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps 2000 watts, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero pas-sage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N1) and L to 1(L) and/or N to (N2) and L to 3(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

If supply voltage fails, the switching state is retained.
When power is restored, the device is switched off in defined mode.
The channels can be taught-in as ES and/or ER channel separately from each other.

Scene control:
Several channels of one or several FSR14-2x devices can be switched on or off in a scene by one of the four signals of a pushbutton with double rocker taught-in as a scene pushbutton.
Central commands on PC are sent using the Wireless Building Visualisation and Control Software GFVS. To do this, teach-in one or several FSR14-2x devices.

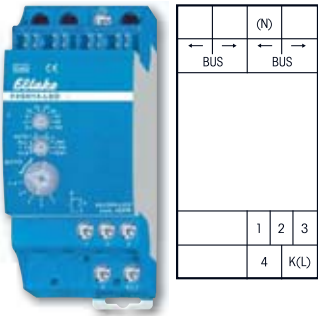
Use the rotary switches to teach-in the pushbuttons and test the 2 channels as required. For normal mode, the middle and lower rotary switches are then set to AUTO. With the upper rotary switch the EW time (0-120 seconds) is directly set for relays or the RV time (0-120 minutes) for impulse switches for all channels if necessary.

If **wireless motion/brightness sensors FBH (Master) and/or FBH (slave)** are taught-in, the switching threshold will be set with the upper rotary switch, separated for each channel, at which the lighting will be switched on or off. Settings of the upper rotary switch in accordance with operating instructions.
When wireless brightness sensors are taught-in, define the switching threshold separately for each channel using the top rotary switch. The switching threshold switches the lighting on or off depending on the brightness (from approx. 0lux in position 0 to approx. 50 lux in position 120). A hysteresis of approx. 300 lux is permanently set for switch on/off. An additionally set RV time is not taken into account. Only one FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in per channel. However a FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in into several channels.

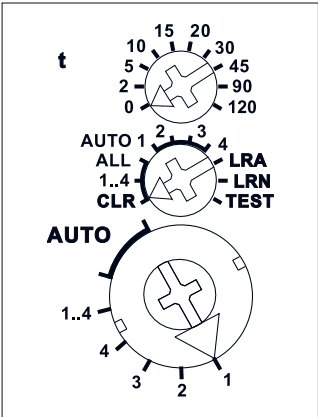
When wireless window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in, different functions can be set with the middle rotary switch in position AUTO 1 to AUTO 4 and linked to maximum 116 FTKs:
AUTO 1 = window closed then output active.
AUTO 2 = window open then output active.
In settings AUTO 3 and AUTO 4 the FTKs taught-in to a single channel are linked automatically. With AUTO 3 all FTKs must be closed so that the N/O contact closes (e.g. for climate control). With AUTO 4 one open FTK is sufficient to close the N/O contact (e.g. for an alarm signal or to switch on the power supply for an extractor hood).
One or several FTKs can be taught-in in several channels to allow several simultaneous functions in each FTK.

After a power failure the link is restored by a new signal to the FTK and a signal on the next status mes-sage 15 minutes later.
An additionally set RV time is not taken into account.
Function with **wireless smoke alarm detectors FRW** or **water sensors** according to the operating instructions.
The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FSR14-2x	RS485 bus actuator Impulse switch with integr. relay function	EAN 4010312313718	56,80 €/pc.
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Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

F4SR14-LED



4-channel impulse switch with integrated relay function, 1 NO contact per channel up to 8 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps 1800 watts, potential free from the power supply, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules = 36 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

230 V LED lamps can be switched up to 400 W and up to a maximum inrush current of 25 A/100 ms per NO contact.

Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to K(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

When all 4 relays of the F4SR14-LED are switched on, a power of 1 watt is required.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

The channels can be taught-in as ES and/or ER channel separately from each other.

Scene control:

Several channels of one or several F4SR14-LED devices can be switched on or off in a scene by one of the four signals of a pushbutton with double rocker taught-in as a scene pushbutton.

Central commands on PC are sent using the Wireless Building Visualisation and Control Software GFVS.

To do this, teach-in one or several F4SR14-LED devices.

Use the rotary switches to teach-in the pushbuttons and test the 4 channels as required. For normal mode, the middle and lower rotary switches are then set to AUTO. With the upper rotary switch the EW time (0-120 seconds) is directly set for relays or the RV time (0-120 minutes) for impulse switches for all channels if necessary.

If wireless motion/brightness sensors FBH (Master) and/or FBH (slave) are taught-in, the switching threshold will be set with the upper rotary switch, separated for each channel, at which the lighting will be switched on or off. Settings of the upper rotary switch in accordance with operating manual.

When wireless brightness sensors are taught-in, define the switching threshold separately for each channel using the top rotary switch. The switching threshold switches the lighting on or off depending on the brightness (from approx. 0 lux in position 0 to approx. 50 lux in position 120). A hysteresis of approx. 300 lux is permanently set for switch on/off. An additionally set RV time is not taken into account. Only one FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in per channel. However a FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in into several channels.

When wireless window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in, different functions can be set with the middle rotary switch in position AUTO 1 to AUTO 4 and linked to maximum 116 FTKs:

AUTO 1 = window closed then output active.

AUTO 2 = window open then output active.

In settings AUTO 3 and AUTO 4 the FTKs taught-in to a single channel are linked automatically. With AUTO 3 all FTKs must be closed so that the N/O contact closes (e.g. for climate control). With AUTO 4 one open FTK is sufficient to close the N/O contact (e.g. for an alarm signal or to switch on the power supply for an extractor hood).

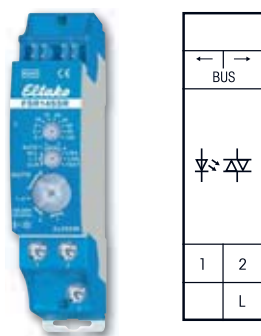
One or several FTKs can be taught-in in several channels to allow several simultaneous functions in each FTK. After a power failure the link is restored by a new signal to the FTK and a signal on the next status message 15 minutes later.

An additionally set RV time is not taken into account.

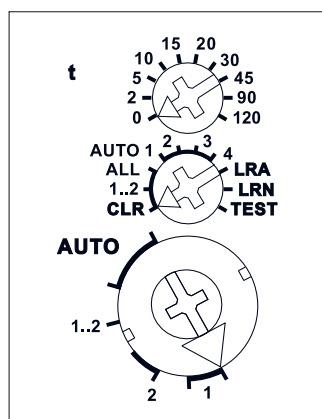
Function with wireless smoke alarm detectors FRW or water sensors according to the operating instructions.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

F4SR14-LED	RS485 bus actuator Impulse switch with integr. relay function	EAN 4010312317006	70,60 €/pc.
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Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FSR14SSR



1-15

Noiseless 2-channel impulse switch with integrated relay function, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps 400 watts. 2 solid state relays not potential free. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

If both relays of the FSR14 are switched on, a power of 0.4 watts is required.

The rated switching capacity of 400 W is applied for one contact and also for the sum of the two contacts. The parallel connection of multiple devices to increase power is allowed.

From manufacturing date 12/17 with automatic overtemperature shutdown.

With a load < 1W a GLE must be switched parallel to the load.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

The channels can be taught-in as ES and/or ER channel separately from each other.

Scene control:

Several channels of one or several FSR14SSR devices can be switched on or off in a scene by one of the four signals of a pushbutton with double rocker taught-in as a scene pushbutton.

Central commands on PC are sent using the Wireless Building Visualisation and Control Software GFVS. To do this, teach-in one or several FSR14SSR devices.

Use the rotary switches to teach-in the pushbuttons and test the 2 channels as required. For normal mode, the middle and lower rotary switches are then set to AUTO. With the upper rotary switch the EW time (0-120 seconds) is directly set for relays or the RV time (0-120 minutes) for impulse switches for all channels if necessary.

If **wireless motion/brightness sensors FBH (Master) and/or FBH (slave)** are taught-in, the switching threshold will be set with the upper rotary switch, separated for each channel, at which the lighting will be switched on or off. Settings of the upper rotary switch in accordance with operating instructions.

When wireless brightness sensors are taught-in, define the switching threshold separately for each channel using the top rotary switch. The switching threshold switches the lighting on or off depending on the brightness (from approx. 0 lux in position 0 to approx. 50 lux in position 120). A hysteresis of approx. 300 lux is permanently set for switch on/off. An additionally set RV time is not taken into account. Only one FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in per channel. However a FBH (Master) or FAH can be taught-in into several channels.

When wireless window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in, different functions can be set with the middle rotary switch in position AUTO 1 to AUTO 4 and linked to maximum 116 FTKs:

AUTO 1 = window closed then output active.

AUTO 2 = window open then output active.

In settings AUTO 3 and AUTO 4 the FTKs taught-in to a single channel are linked automatically. With AUTO 3 all FTKs must be closed so that the N/O contact closes (e.g. for climate control). With AUTO 4 one open FTK is sufficient to close the N/O contact (e.g. for an alarm signal or to switch on the power supply for an extractor hood).

One or several FTKs can be taught-in in several channels to allow several simultaneous functions in each FTK.

After a power failure the link is restored by a new signal to the FTK and a signal on the next status message 15 minutes later.

An additionally set RV time is not taken into account.

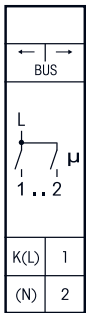
Function with **wireless smoke alarm detectors FRW** or **water sensors** according to the operating operating instructions.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

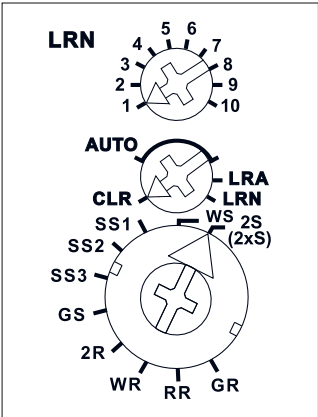
FSR14SSR	RS485 bus actuator Noiseless 2-channel impulse switch	EAN 4010312313893	61,00 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS ACTUATOR MULTIFUNCTION IMPULSE SWITCH
WITH INTEGRATED RELAY FUNCTION FMS14

1-16



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the
PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FMS14



Multifunction impulse switch with integrated relay function, 1+1 NO potential free 16 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps 2000 W, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1-0.6 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to K(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

Maximum current over both contacts 16 A for 230 V.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

When both relays of the FMS14 are switched on, 0.6 watt are required.

The upper and the middle rotary switches are for teaching-in the sensors. In normal mode, the middle rotary switch is then set to AUTO and the bottom rotary switch to the required function:

- 2S** = Impulse switch with 2 NO contacts
- (2xS)** = 2-way impulse switch each with one NO relay
- WS** = Impulse switch with 1 NO contact and 1 NC contact (0.3 watt standby loss)
- SS1** = Impulse multi circuit switch 1+1 NO contacts for switching sequence 1
- SS2** = Impulse multi circuit switch 1+1 NO contacts for switching sequence 2
- SS3** = Impulse multi circuit switch 1+1 NO contacts for switching sequence 3
- GS** = Impulse group switch 1+1 NO contacts
- 2R** = Switching relay with 2 NO contacts
- WR** = Switching relay with 1 NO contact and 1 NC contact (0.3 watt standby loss)
- RR** = Switching relay (closed-circuit current relay) with 2 NC contacts (0.5 watt standby loss)
- GR** = Group relay 1+1 NO contacts

Switching sequence SS1: 0 - contact 1(K-1) - contact 2(K-2) - contact 1 + 2

Switching sequence SS2: 0 - contact 1 - contact 1 + 2 - contact 2

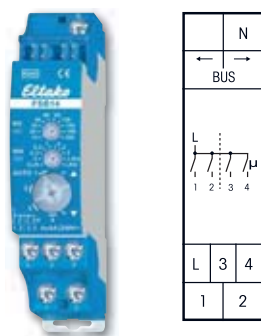
Switching sequence SS3: 0 - contact 1 - contact 1 + 2

Switching sequence GS: 0 - contact 1 - 0 - contact 2

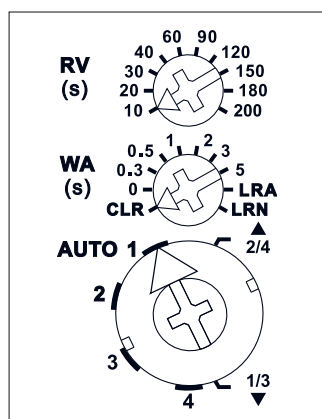
GR: Relay with alternating closing contacts.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FMS14	RS485 bus actuator - Multifunction impulse switch with integrated relay function	EAN 4010312313725	46,00 €/pc.
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Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FSB14



1-17

Switch actuator for shading elements and roller shutters with 2 channels for two 230 V motors. 2+2 NO contact 4 A/250 V AC, potential free from power supply 12 V. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Zero passage switching to protect contacts and motors.

A motor is connected to 1, 2 and N; a second motor may be connected to 3, 4 and N.

If both relays of the FSB14 are switched on, a power of 0.4 watts is required.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

The pushbuttons can be taught-in either as direction switches or universal switches:

Local control with universal pushbuttons: Each impulse causes the FSB14 to change its position in the UP-Stop-DOWN-Stop sequence.

Local control with direction pushbutton: A top impulse by pushbutton directly activates the 'UP' switch position. A bottom impulse by pushbutton directly activates the 'DOWN' switch position.

A further impulse from one of the two pushbuttons stops the sequence immediately.

Central control dynamic without priority: A control signal from a pushbutton which was taught-in as a central control pushbutton without priority directly activates the switch position 'Up' with a scanning pulse up and the switch position 'Down' with a scanning pulse down. Without priority because this function can be overridden by other control signals.

Central control dynamic with priority: A control signal of min. 2 seconds from a pushbutton which was taught-in as a central control push-button with priority directly activates the switch position 'Up' (press top) and the switch position 'Down' (press bottom). With priority because these control signals cannot be overridden by other (local) control signals **until** the central control signal is cancelled by pressing again the central control pushbutton 'Up' or 'Down'.

The switch position 'up' or 'down' and the priority are specifically activated with a control signal, e.g. from a FSM61 taught-in with priority as a central pushbutton. With priority because these control signals cannot be overridden by other control signals **until** the central command is cancelled by the termination of the control signal.

Shading scene control: With a control signal of a pushbutton with double rocker taught-in as a scene pushbutton or automatically by an additional taught-in wireless-outdoor-brightness sensor, up to 4 previously filed elapse times can be accessed.

With control via GFVS software, operating commands for up and down with the exact travel time information can be started. As the actuator reports the exact elapsed time after each activity, even when driving was triggered by a pushbutton, the position of the shading is always displayed correctly in the GFVS software. Upon reaching the end positions above and below the position is automatically synchronized.

Function rotary switch below

AUTO 1 = In this position, the **local advanced automatic reversing system for Venetian blinds** is activated. When a universal pushbutton or a direction pushbutton are used for control a double impulse activates a slow rotation in the opposite direction, which can be stopped with a further impulse. **AUTO 2**

= In this position, the local advanced automatic reversing system for Venetian blinds is completely switched off. **AUTO 3** = In this position, the local pushbuttons act static at first, thus, allow **reversal of Venetian blinds** by operating pushbuttons. They only switch to dynamic after 0.7 seconds continuous operation. **AUTO 4** = In this position, the local pushbuttons act only static (ER function). The time delay RV (wiping time) of the upper rotary switch is active. Central control is not possible.

▲▼ = ▲ (UP) and ▼ (DOWN) of the lower rotary switch are the positions for manual control. Manual control has priority over all other control commands.

WA = Automatic reversal for Venetian blinds and awnings is controlled by the middle rotary switch. 0 = OFF, otherwise from 0.3 to 5 seconds ON with the selected reversal time. In this case, it is only for DOWN that the direction is reversed on time-out of the time lag selected by the top rotary switch, e.g. to extend awnings or set Venetian blinds to a defined position. A LED is located behind the RV-rotary switch to show the reversal time.

RV = The time delay (delay time RV) is set by the top rotary switch. If the FSB14 is in the UP or DOWN position the selected delay time runs (elapses); at time-out the device changes automatically to STOP. Therefore, the time delay must be chosen at least as long as the shading element or roller shutter will need to move from one limit position to the other.

The LED indication for the delay time RV is located behind the rotary switch RV.

When one or several wireless window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in, a lock-out protection is set up while the door is open and disables a Central Down command.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FSB14	RS485 bus actuator for shading elements and roller shutters	EAN 4010312313732	56,40 €/pc.
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FUD14



Universal dimmer switch, Power MOSFET up to 400 W. Automatic lamp detection. Bidirectional. Only 0.3 watt standby loss. With adjustable minimum brightness or maximum brightness and dimming speed. With switching operation for light alarm clocks, children's rooms and snooze function. Also with light scene control and constant light regulation.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep. The delivery includes a spacer DS14, 1 short jumper 1 module (up to 200 W load) and 1 long jumper 1.5 modules (from 200 W load with DS14 on the left side). Universal dimmer switch for lamps up to 400 W, depending on ventilation conditions, dimmable 230 V LED lamps and dimmable energy saving lamps (ESL) are also dependent on the lamp electronics and the dimming technology, **see technical data page 1-44.**

Zero passage switching with soft ON and soft OFF to protect lamps.

Switching voltage 230 V. No minimum load. The brightness level is stored on switch-off (memory). In case of a power failure the switch position and the brightness stage are stored and may be switched on when the power supply is restored.

Automatic electronic overload protection and overtemperature switch-off.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

The upper rotary switch LA/LRN is first required for teach-in and defines in operation whether automatic lamp detection should be activated or special comfort positions:

AUTO allows all lamp types to be dimmed.

LC1 is a comfort position for dimmable 230 V LED lamps which cannot be dimmed down far enough in AUTO (phase cut-off) due to their design.

LC2 and **LC3** are comfort positions for dimmable 230 V LED lamps like LC1 but with different dimming curves.

LC4, LC5 and **LC6** are comfort positions for LED lamps such as AUTO but with different dimming curves.

EC1 is a comfort position for energy saving lamps which must be switched on at high voltage due to their design so that they can be dimmed down and switched back on safely when cold.

EC2 is a comfort position for energy saving lamps which cannot be switched back on in dimmed-down position due to their design. Therefore the memory is switched off in this position.

In positions LC1, LC2, LC3, EC1 and EC2 no inductive (wound) transformers may be used. In addition the maximum number of dimmable LED lamps may be lower than in AUTO position due to their design.

PCT is a position for special functions which are set up using the PC tool PCT14.

The minimum brightness (fully dimmed down) is adjustable **with the middle % rotary switch.**

The dimming speed is adjustable using the bottom dimming speed rotary switch.

The pushbuttons can be taught-in either as direction pushbuttons or universal pushbuttons:

When installed as a direction pushbutton, one side is then 'switch on and dim up' and the other side is 'switch off and dim down'. A double-click on the switch-on side activates automatic dim-up to full brightness at dim speed. A double click on the switch-off side activates the snooze function. The children's room function is implemented on the switch-on side. **As a universal pushbutton**, change the direction by briefly releasing the pushbutton.

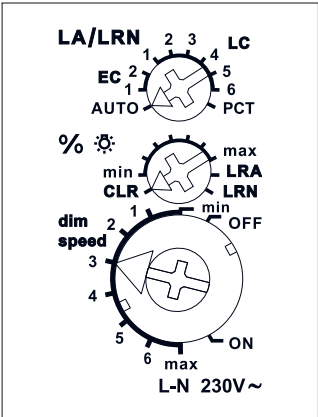
For light scene control, constant light regulation, light alarm circuit, children's room circuit and sleep timer, refer to the operating instructions.

When the pushbutton is taught in as a staircase pushbutton, it is possible to retrieve a resettable staircase time switch function with RV = 2 minutes. Individual light scene pushbuttons can be used to retrieve brightness settings carried out during teach-in. A taught-in FAH can be used to implement a twilight switch. Switch-on can take place using up to 4 FBHs depending on motion and brightness.

The LED performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions.

It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

Function rotary switches

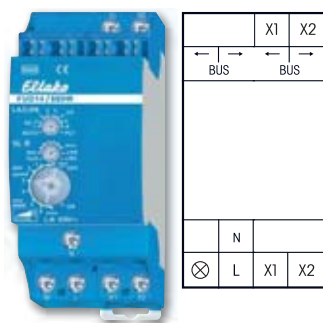


Standard setting ex works.

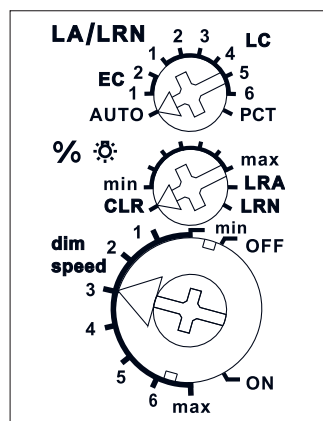
Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FUD14	RS485 bus universal dimmer switch	EAN 4010312313749	64,70 €/pc.
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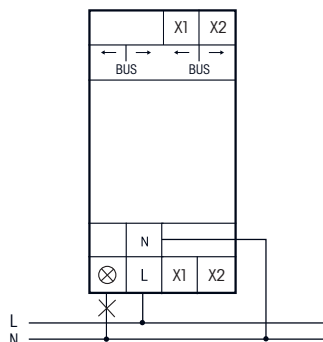


Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Typical connection



Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FUD14/800W



Universal dimmer switch, Power MOSFET up to 800 W. Automatic lamp detection. Only 0.3 watt standby loss. With adjustable minimum brightness or maximum brightness and dimming speed. With switching operation for light alarm clocks, children's rooms and snooze function. Also with light scene control and constant light regulation.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules = 36 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

The delivery includes a spacer DS14, 2 short jumpers 1 module (up to 400 W load) and 1 long jumper 1.5 modules (from 400 W load with DS14 on the left side).

Universal dimmer switch for lamps up to 800 W, depending on ventilation conditions, dimmable 230 V LED lamps and dimmable energy saving lamps (ESL) are also dependent on the lamp electronics and the dimming technology, **see technical data page 1-44.**

Up to 3600 W with capacity enhancers FLUD14 at terminals X1 and X2.

Zero passage switching with soft ON and soft OFF to protect lamps.

Switching voltage 230 V. No minimum load.

The brightness level is stored on switch-off (memory).

In case of a power failure the switch position and the brightness stage are stored and may be switched on when the power supply is restored.

Automatic electronic overload protection and overtemperature switch-off.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

The upper rotary switch LA/LRN is first required for teach-in and defines in operation whether automatic lamp detection should be activated or special comfort positions:

AUTO allows all lamp types to be dimmed.

LC1 is a comfort position for dimmable 230 V LED lamps which cannot be dimmed down far enough in AUTO (phase cut-off) due to their design.

LC2 and **LC3** are comfort positions for dimmable 230 V LED lamps like LC1 but with different dimming curves.

LC4, LC5 and **LC6** are comfort positions for LED lamps such as AUTO but with different dimming curves.

EC1 is a comfort position for energy saving lamps which must be switched on at high voltage due to their design so that they can be dimmed down and switched back on safely when cold.

EC2 is a comfort position for energy saving lamps which cannot be switched back on in dimmed-down position due to their design. Therefore the memory is switched off in this position.

In positions LC1, LC2, LC3, EC1 and EC2 no inductive (wound) transformers may be used. In addition the maximum number of dimmable LED lamps may be lower than in AUTO position due to their design.

PCT is a position for special functions which are set up using the PC tool PCT14.

The minimum brightness (fully dimmed down) is adjustable **with the middle %** rotary switch.

The dimming speed is adjustable using the **bottom dimming speed rotary switch.**

The pushbuttons can be taught-in either as direction pushbuttons or universal pushbuttons:

When installed as a direction pushbutton, one side is then 'switch on and dim up' and the other side is 'switch off and dim down'. A double-click on the switch-on side activates automatic dim-up to full brightness at dim speed. A double click on the switch-off side activates the snooze function. The children's room function is implemented on the switch-on side.

As a universal pushbutton, change the direction by briefly releasing the pushbutton.

For light scene control, constant light regulation, light alarm circuit, children's room circuit and sleep timer, refer to the operating instructions.

When the pushbutton is taught in as a staircase pushbutton, it is possible to retrieve a resettable staircase time switch function with RV = 2 minutes. Individual light scene pushbuttons can be used to retrieve brightness settings carried out during teach-in. A taught-in FAH can be used to implement a twilight switch. Switch-on can take place using up to 4 FBHs depending on motion and brightness.

The LED performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions.

It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

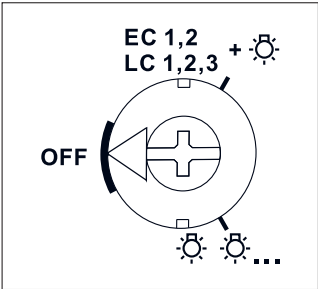
FUD14/800W	RS485 bus universal dimmer switch	EAN 4010312313756	92,80 €/pc.
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CAPACITY ENHANCER FLUD14 FOR UNIVERSAL DIMMER SWITCH FUD14/800W

1-20



Function rotary switch



Standard setting ex factory.

The switching mode **"one lamp"** (☼) or **"additional lamps"** (☼☼) is set with a rotary switch on the front.
This setting must be same as the actual installation, otherwise there is a risk of destruction of the electronics.

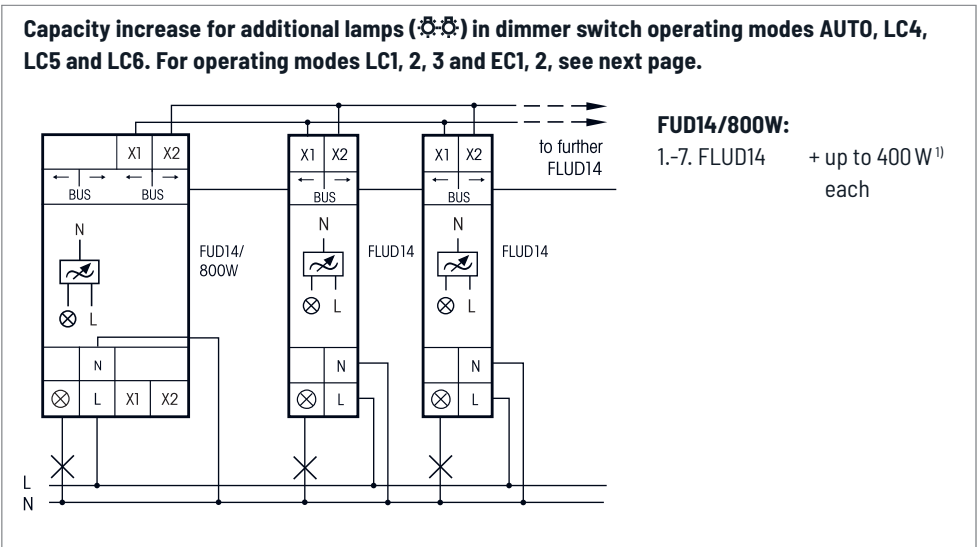
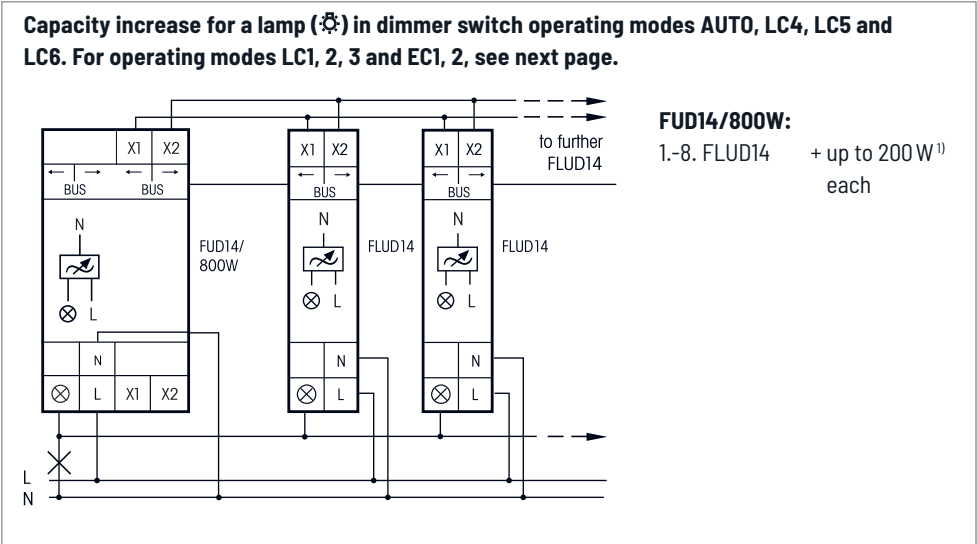
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FLUD14



Capacity enhancer for universal dimmer switch FUD14/800 W, Power MOSFET up to 400 W. Standby loss 0.1 watt only.

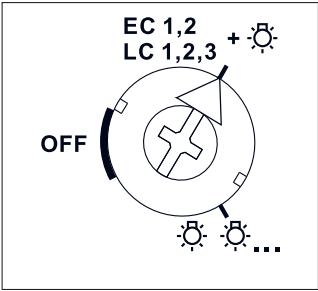
Modular device for DIN EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Capacity enhancers FLUD14 can be connected to the universal dimming actuator FUD14/800W. By this the switching capacity **for one lamp** will be increased up to 200 W or alternatively **for additional lamps** up to 400 W per each capacity enhancer.
The two circuits to increase capacity can be created at the same time using several FLUD14s.
Supply voltage 230 V. No minimum load.
Automatic electronic overload protection and over-temperature switch-off.
The lamp type of a capacity enhancer FLUD14 in the 'Capacity increase with additional lamps' may deviate from the lamp type of the universal dimmer switch FUD14/800W.
It is therefore possible to mix capacitive and inductive loads.



¹⁾ Ventilation clearance of 1/2 module to adjacent devices must be maintained.

FLUD14	Capacity enhancer	EAN 4010312313763	66,00 €/pc.
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Function rotary switch



Standard setting ex factory.

Capacity increase with capacity enhancers FLUD14 for dimmable 230 V LED lamps and dimmable energy saving lamps ESL in comfort settings LC1, LC2, LC3 EC1 and EC2.

Also for capacity increase with additional lamps.
Otherwise there is a risk of destruction of the electronics.

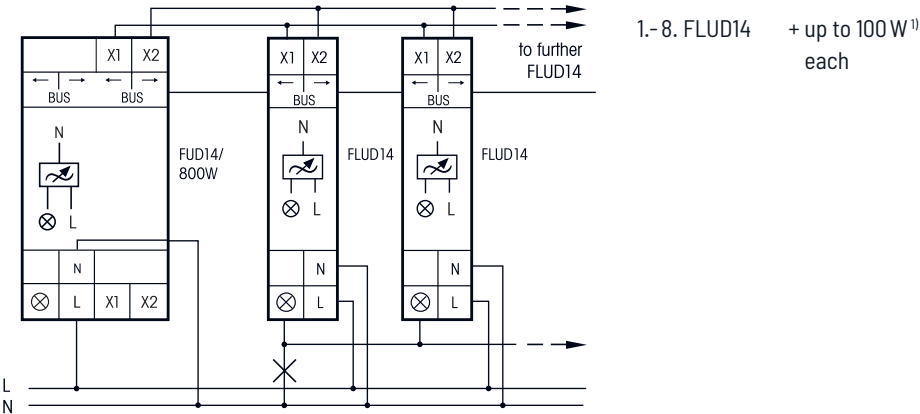
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FLUD14

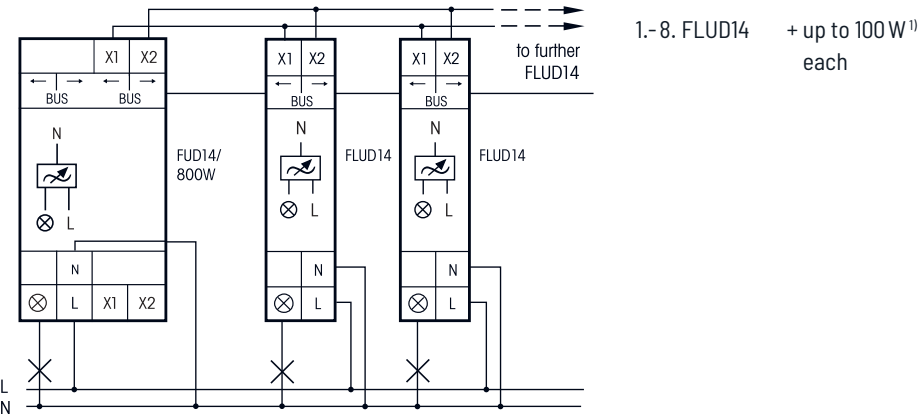
This setting must be made on the front panel for 230 V LED lamps and ESL if the FUD14/800W is operated in comfort settings LC1, LC2, LC3, EC1 and EC2.



Capacity increase of a lamp in settings LC1, 2, 3 and EC1, 2



Capacity increase with additional lamps in settings LC1, 2, 3 and EC1, 2

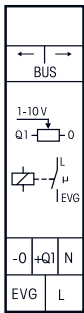


¹⁾ Ventilation clearance of ½ module to adjacent devices must be maintained.

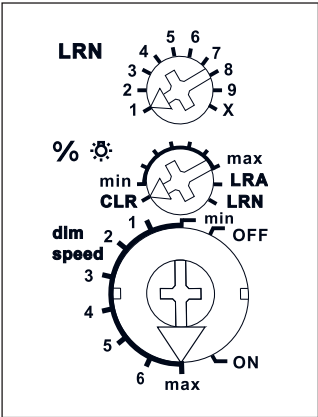
FLUD14	Capacity enhancer	EAN 4010312313763	66,00 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS ACTUATOR DIMMER SWITCH CONTROLLER FSG14
FOR ELECTRONIC BALLAST 1-10 V

1-22

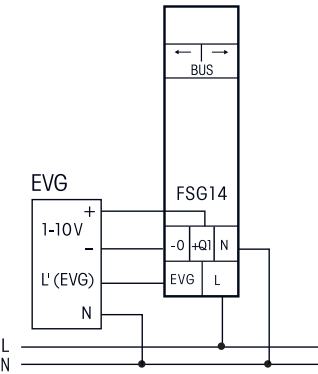


Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Typical connection



Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FSG14/1-10V



Dimmer switch controller for electronic ballast 1-10 V, 1 NO contact not potential free 600 VA and 1-10 V control output 40 mA. Bidirectional. Only 0.9 watt standby loss. With adjustable minimum brightness and dimming speed. With light scene control and constant light regulation.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

State-of-the-art hybrid technology combines advantages of nonwearing electronic control.

Zero passage switching to protect contacts.

The power consumption of the 12 V DC power supply is only 0.1W.

Also adapted for LED driver with 1-10 V passive interface, without voltage source up to 0.6 mA, above this value an additional voltage source is necessary.

The brightness level is stored on switch-off (memory).

In case of a power failure the switch position and the brightness stage are stored and may be switched on when the power supply is restored.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

The minimum brightness (fully dimmed) is adjustable with the % rotary switch.

The dimming speed is adjustable using the dimming speed rotary switch.

The load is switched on and off by a bistable relay at output EVG. Switching capacity for fluorescent lamps or LV halogen lamps with EGV 600 VA.

By using a bistable relay coil power loss and heating is avoided even in the on mode.

After installation, wait for short automatic synchronisation before the switched consumer is connected to the mains.

The pushbuttons can be taught-in either as direction pushbuttons or universal pushbuttons:

As a direction pushbutton, press up is brighter and press down is darker respectively above short pressing means switch ON and below short pressing switch OFF. A double click above activates automatic updimming until full brightness with dim speed. A double click below activates snooze function. The children's room function will be realized with the upper switch.

As a universal pushbutton, change the direction by briefly releasing the pushbutton.

With switching operation for children's rooms and snooze function.

Switching for light alarm clocks: A wireless signal of a time clock which was taught-in accordingly starts the wake up function by switching on the light at the lowest brightness level and dims up slowly until the maximum level is reached. The dimming process is stopped by tapping briefly (e.g. on a hand-held transmitter).

Switching operation for children's rooms: If the light is switched on by holding down the pushbutton (universal pushbutton or direction pushbutton above), it starts at the lowest brightness level after approx. 1 second and dims up slowly as long as the pushbutton is held down. The last saved brightness level is not modified.

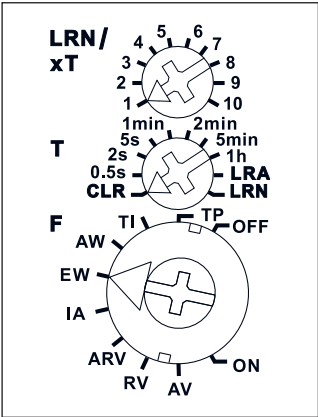
Snooze function (universal pushbutton or direction pushbutton below): With a double impulse the lighting is dimmed down from the current dimming position to the minimum brightness level and switched off. The current dimming position as well as the adjustable minimum brightness level determine the dimming time (max. = 60 minutes) which can be reduced as required. It can be switched off at any time by short-time control commands during the lighting is dimmed down.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FSG14/1-10V	RS485 bus dimmer switch controller	EAN 4010312313770	61,30 €/pc.
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Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FMZ14



1-23

Multifunction time relay with 10 functions, 1 CO contact potential free 10 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps 2000 watts*, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.4 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Wireless window contacts (FTK) at opened windows with the function NO or NC can be taught-in. If a direction switch is taught-in, a function (e.g. TI) can be started using the top switch (START) and stopped with the bottom switch (STOP).

Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to K(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

If supply voltage fails, the two contacts switch off. When power is restored, contact 1 closes.
Time setting between 0.5 second and 10 hours.
Teach-in takes place **using the top and middle rotary switches** and then the time is set.
T is the time base and xT the multiplier.

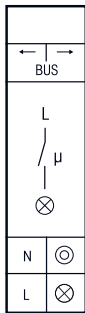
The function is selected **using the bottom rotary switch**:

- RV** = off delay
- AV** = operate delay
- TI** = clock generator starting with impulse
- TP** = clock generator starting with pause
- IA** = impulse controlled operate delay (e.g. automatic door opener)
- EW** = fleeting NO contact
- AW** = fleeting NC contact
- ARV** = operate and release delay
- ON** = Permanent ON
- OFF** = Permanent OFF

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

* The maximum load can be used starting at a delay time or clock cycle of 5 minutes.
The maximum load will be reduced for shorter times as follows: up to 2 seconds 15%, up to 2 minutes 30%, up to 5 minutes 60%.

FMZ14	RS485 bus actuator Multifunction time relay	EAN 4010312313787	44,30 €/pc.
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FTN14



Staircase off-delay timer, 1 NO contact not potential free 16 A/250 V AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 400 W, incandescent lamps up to 2000 watts, switch-off early warning and switchable pushbutton permanent light. Also for energy saving lamps ESL up to 200 Watt. Bidirectional. Only 0.2 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Switching voltage 230 V.

Zero passage switching to protect contacts and consumers.

If a power failure occurs, the switching state is retained. The time lapse to switch off starts when the power supply is restored.

In addition to the bus control input, this staircase off-delay timer can also be controlled locally by a conventional 230 V control switch. Glow lamp current up to 5 mA, dependent on the ignition voltage of the glow lamps.

The upper rotary switch LRN is required for teach-in. Then the off-delay 1 to 30 minutes can be set. Wireless pushbuttons and/or wireless motion-brightness sensors FBH will be taught-in **with the middle rotary switch** in the setting LRN, of which one or more are central control pushbuttons. The required function of this staircase off-delay timer can then be selected:

NLZ = off-delay timer with adjustable operate delay

TLZ = staircase time switch

ESL = staircase time switch for energy saving lamps ESL

+ = with pushbutton permanent light (only TLZ)

+ = with switch-off early warning (TLZ + ESL)

+ + = with pushbutton permanent light and switch-off early warning (TLZ + ESL)

If the permanent light function is switched on, the function can be activated by pressing the push-button for longer than 1 second. This function switches off automatically after 60 minutes or by pressing the pushbutton for longer than 2 seconds.

If the switch-off early warning is switched on, the light starts to flicker approx. 30 seconds before time-out. This is repeated three times at decreasing time intervals.

If both switch-off early warning and pushbutton permanent light + are switched on, switch-off early warning is activated before automatic switch-off of the permanent light.

A response delay (AV delay) can be set **with the lower rotary switch** at setting NLZ or when controlled with a switch. Setting AUTO1 = 1 s, AUTO2 = 30 s, AUTO3 = 60 s, AUTO4 = 90 s and AUTO5 = 120 s (clockwise). Also permanent light function can be set manually.

But if you activate by pressing a button at NLZ, the device switches on when pressed once and the time lapse to switch-off starts when pressed twice.

When teaching-in **wireless motion/brightness sensors FBH**, the switching threshold is defined on the last FBH taught-in to switch the light on/off depending on the brightness – provided motion is detected.

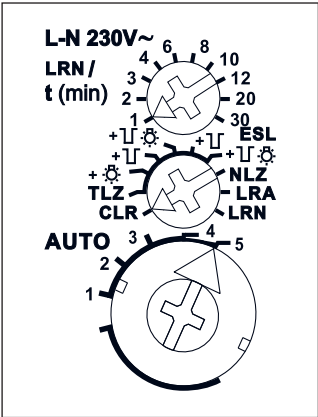
The off delay set on the FTN14 is prolonged by a setting of 1 minute fixed in the FBH.

When teaching-in **window/door contacts FTK**, a NC or NO can be taught-in as required. Accordingly, the timing period starts when opening or closing the window or the door.

If **switches for permanent operation** are taught-in, for example wireless transmitter modules or FTS14EM, it is switched on when pressing and the time will be started when releasing.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

Function rotary switches



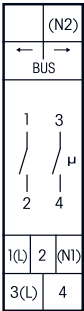
Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

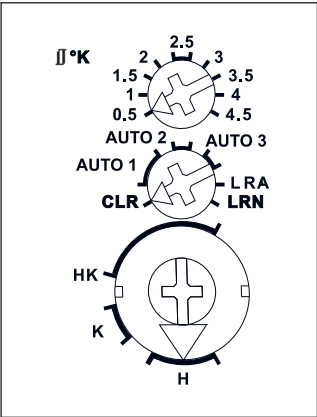
Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

FTN14	RS485 bus actuator Staircase off-delay timer	EAN 4010312313794	46,80 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS ACTUATOR HEATING/COOLING RELAY FHK14



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

FHK14



1-25

Heating/cooling relay, 1+1 NO contacts potential free 4 A/250 V AC, with DX technology.
Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N1) and L to 1(L) and/or N to (N2) and L to 3(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

When both relays of the FHK14 are switched on, 0.4 watts are required.
If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.
This heating/cooling relay assesses information about wireless temperature controllers or sensors. Possibly supplemented by window/door contacts, motion detectors, window handle sensor FFG7B-rw and wireless pushbuttons.
As an alternative to a wireless temperature controller, the temperature information on the set and actual values can be obtained from the GFVS software.
It is also possible to specify the set temperature via GFVS software and thus limiting the setting range of the wireless temperature controller.

Top rotary switch for adjustable hysteresis:
Left stop: lowest hysteresis 0.5°. Middle position: hysteresis 2.5°. Right stop: largest hysteresis 4.5°. Inbetween, divisions in steps of 0.5°.

Middle rotary switch for regulation types:
AUTO 1: With PWM control at T = 4 minutes. (PWM = pulse width modulation).
(suitable for valves with thermoelectric valve drive)
AUTO 2: With PWM control at T = 15 minutes.
(suitable for valves with motor-driven valve drive)

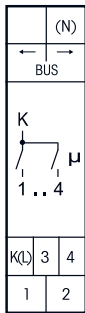
AUTO 3: With 2-point control.
Bottom rotary switch for operating modes:
H: heating mode (Contact 1-2 and Contact 3-4); K: cooling mode (Contact 1-2 and Contact 3-4);
HK: heating mode (Contact 3-4) and cooling mode (Contact 1-2);

In heating mode, the frost protection function is always enabled. As soon as the actual temperature drops below 8°C, the temperature is controlled in the selected operating mode to 8°C.
If one or several windows are open, the output remains off provided the window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are taught-in. In heating mode, however, the frost protection remains enabled.

As long as all taught-in motion detectors FBH detect no motion, the device is switched to setback mode. In heating mode, the reference temperature is set back by 2°; in cooling mode, it is raised by 2°. As soon as a motion detector signals movement again, the device is switched to normal mode.
When a wireless pushbutton FT4 is taught-in, the assignment of the 4 keys is assigned with the following fixed functions: Top right: Normal mode (can also be enabled by timer). Bottom right: Night setback mode by 4°; in cooling mode, raised by 4° (can also be enabled by timer). Top left: Setback mode by 2°, in cooling mode, raised by 2°. Bottom left: Off (in heating mode, frost protection enabled; in cooling mode permanent off). If the motion detector and wireless pushbutton are taught-in at the same time, the last telegram received is always the one that is valid. A motion detector therefore switches off a setback mode selected by wireless pushbutton when a movement is detected.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FHK14	RS485 bus actuator Heating/cooling relay	EAN 4010312313824	46,50 €/pc.
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F4HK14



Heating/cooling relay with 4 channels, 1 NO contact per channel 4 A/250 V AC, potential free from the power supply, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to K(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

When all 4 relays are switched on, a power of 0.7 watts is required.

If supply voltage fails, the device is switched off in defined mode.

This heating/cooling relay assesses information about wireless temperature controllers or sensors.

Possibly supplemented by window/door contacts, motion detectors, window handle sensor FFG7B-rw and wireless pushbuttons.

As an alternative to a wireless temperature controller, the temperature information on the set and actual values can be obtained from the GFVS software.

It is also possible to specify the set temperature via GFVS software and thus limiting the setting range of the wireless temperature controller.

Top rotary switch for adjustable hysteresis:

Left stop: lowest hysteresis 0.5°. **Middle position:** hysteresis 2.5°.

Right stop: largest hysteresis 4.5°. Inbetween, divisions in steps of 0.5°.

Middle rotary switch for regulation types:

AUTO 1: With PWM control at T = 4 minutes. (PWM = pulse width modulation).

(suitable for valves with thermoelectric valve drive)

AUTO 2: With PWM control at T = 15 minutes.

(suitable for valves with motor-driven valve drive)

AUTO 3: With 2-point control.

Bottom rotary switch for operating modes:

H: heating mode (Contacts 1 to 4); **K:** cooling mode (Contacts 1 to 4);

HK: heating mode (Contact 3 and 4) and cooling mode (Contact 1 and 2);

In heating mode, the **frost protection function** is always enabled. As soon as the actual temperature drops below 8°C, the temperature is controlled in the selected operating mode to 8°C.

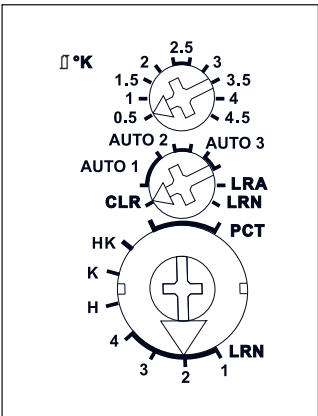
If one or several windows are open, the output remains off **provided the window/door contacts FTK or window handle sensors FFG7B-rw** are taught-in. In heating mode, however, the frost protection remains enabled.

As long as all taught-in **motion detectors FBH** detect no motion, the device is switched to setback mode. In heating mode, the reference temperature is set back by 2°; in cooling mode, it is raised by 2°. As soon as a motion detector signals movement again, the device is switched to normal mode.

When a **wireless pushbutton FT4** is taught-in, the assignment of the 4 keys is assigned with the following fixed functions: Top right: Normal mode (can also be enabled by timer). Bottom right: Night setback mode by 4°; in cooling mode, raised by 4° (can also be enabled by timer). Top left: Setback mode by 2°, in cooling mode, raised by 2°. Bottom left: Off (in heating mode, frost protection enabled; in cooling mode permanent off). If the motion detector and wireless pushbutton are taught-in at the same time, the last telegram received is always the one that is valid. A motion detector therefore switches off a setback mode selected by wireless pushbutton when a movement is detected.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

Function rotary switches



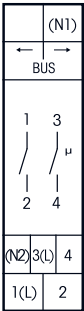
Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

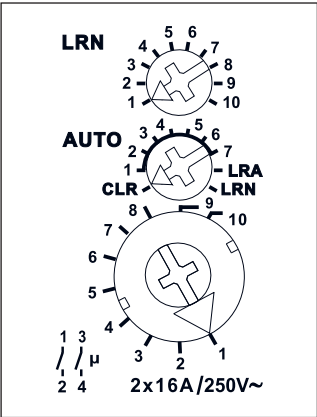
Connection example page 1-42.
Technical data, see page 1-44.
Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

F4HK14	RS485 bus actuator Heating/cooling relay	EAN 4010312314982	55,10 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS ACTUATOR 2-SPEED FAN RELAY F2L14



Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

F2L14



1-27

2-speed fan relay, 1+1 NO contacts potential free 16 A/250 V AC, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N1) and L to 1(L) and/or N to (N2) and L to 3(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

If supply voltage fails, the switching state is retained. When supply voltage is restored, the device is switched off in defined mode.
This fan relay evaluates the information of up to 23 passive sensors, e.g. wireless pushbuttons, window/door contacts, window handle sensors FFG7B-rw or wireless transmitter modules. Active sensors for CO₂, air quality, humidity and temperature are also evaluated.

Several active sensors can be linked by the PCT14 PC Tool.
When the two contacts are switched in parallel, the 2-speed actuator for 2 fan speeds becomes an actuator for one fan.
The middle rotary switch must be set to position LRN for teach-in. Set the required operating mode when the fan actuator is in operation.

During the teach-in process, adjust **the upper rotary switch** to set the sensor type. A wireless pushbutton **(exclusive)** with double rocker is taught-in in rotary switch position 1. Double rockers are assigned automatically: top left Stage 1 (only contact 1-2 closed), top right stage 2 (only contact 3-4 closed). Bottom left and bottom right OFF: both contacts open.
A wireless pushbutton (adding) with double rocker is taught-in in rotary switch position 2. Double rockers are assigned automatically: top left stage 1 (contact 1-2 closed), top right Stage 2 (contacts 1-2 and 3-4 closed). Bottom left and bottom right OFF: both contacts open.

If you switch the two contacts in parallel, one wireless pushbutton and 1 rocker are sufficient. In this case, top is ON and bottom is OFF
In rotary switch position 3, teach in ON/OFF switch with double rocker (all rockers are assigned automatically) and wireless transmitter modules When you teach in an FTK device, window handle sensor FFG7B-rw or active sensor, there is no need to take the teach-in position into account.

When operated with an active sensor, set the switch-in threshold on **the lower rotary switch**. When the threshold is reached, Stage 1 (Contact 1-2) is switched on. At **the upper rotary switch**, set the addition value at which Stage 2 (Contact 3-4). Turn **the middle rotary switch** to set one of the operating modes AUTO1 to AUTO7.

AUTO1: for manual mode of a 2-stage fan by means of a double rocker wireless pushbutton. Each contact is closed separately (exclusive) or contact 3-4 cuts in to switch stage 2 (accumulative). This is determined when teaching-in. Passive sensors, such as wireless pushbuttons and transmitter modules, which are taught-in as a off-switches, cause opening of both contacts. As long as the control voltage is applied to transmitter modules or a window monitored by an FTK or window handle sensor FFG7B-rw is open, the contacts are open and can not be switched on manually. **AUTO2:** Activating with either a wireless CO₂ or air quality sensor. The switch-on thresholds are set by the lower and upper rotary switches. The contacts close 'exclusively'. **AUTO3:** Activating with wireless CO₂ sensor. The switch-on thresholds are set by the lower and upper rotary switches. The contacts close 'exclusively'. **AUTO4:** Same as AUTO2, but activated by the wireless temperature sensor. **AUTO5:** Same as AUTO2, but the contacts close 'adding'. **AUTO6:** Same as AUTO3, but the contacts close 'adding'. **AUTO7:** Same as AUTO4, but the contacts close 'adding'.

Overview of switch-on thresholds for CO₂, air quality, humidity and temperature see operating instructions.
The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

F2L14	RS485 bus actuator Impulse switch with integr. relay function	EAN 4010312316160	58,20 €/pc.
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FSU14



Display timer with 8 channels for the Eltako RS485 bus. With "astro" function. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
For the function of the timer FSU14 it is necessary that the wireless antenna module FAM14 assigns a device address, please see the operating instructions.

The switching commands of the channels can be taught-in into bus actuators and wireless actuators. Up to 60 timer memory locations are freely assigned to the channels. With date and automatic summer/winter time changeover. Ca. 20 days power reserve without battery.
Each memory location can either be used with astro function (automatic turn on after sunrise or sunset) or the time function. The astro switch-on and -off time can be shifted ± 2 hours and in addition, an influence of the solstices time lag of up to ± 2 hours can be entered.

The timer is set using the MODE and SET buttons and the settings can be interlocked.
Set language: Every time the power supply is applied, press SET within 10 seconds to set the language and press MODE to confirm. D = German, GB = English, F = French, IT = Italian and ES = Spanish. The normal display then appears: weekday, time, day and month.
Rapid scroll: In the following settings, the numerals scroll rapidly when you press and hold down Enter. Release then press and hold down to change the scroll direction.
Set clock: Press MODE and search for the **function CLK** with SET and select with MODE. Press MODE to set. In H, press SET to select the hour and press MODE to confirm. In M proceed in the same way to set the minute.

Set date: Press MODE and search for the **function DAT** with SET and select with MODE. Press MODE to select. At Y, press SET to select the year and press MODE to confirm. Proceed in the same way at M to set the month and at D to set the day. The last setting in the sequence is MO (weekday) blinking. Press SET to set it. From production week 08/17 the emission every minute from a **timer telegram** (hour and minute) and the day of the week can be activated.
Wireless pushbuttons for central ON/OFF, automatic off and random mode on can be taught-in.
Set position coordinates (if the astro function is required): Press MODE and search for the **function POS** with SET and select with MODE. For LAT press SET to select the latitude and press MODE to confirm. Repeat this procedure for LON to select the longitude and press MODE to confirm. Select the time zone at GMT with SET and confirm with MODE. If desired, a time lag of up to ± 2 hours for all channels can now be entered at WS (winter solstice) and SS (summer solstice).

Summer/winter time changeover: Press MODE and search for the **function SWT** with SET and select with MODE. Now press SET to switch between ON and OFF. If you select ON, changeover is automatic.
Switch random mode on/off: Press MODE and search for the **function RND** with SET and select with MODE. Press SET to set to ON (RND+) or OFF (RND) and press MODE to confirm. When random mode is switched on, all switch-on time points of all channels are shifted at random by up to 15 minutes. Switch-on times are switched earlier and switch-off times are switched later.
Lock settings: Briefly press MODE and SET together and at LCK, press SET to lock. This is displayed by an arrow next to the lock symbol.

Unlock settings: Press MODE and SET together for 2 seconds and at UNL press SET to unlock.
Wired central control: At the terminals T1/T2 and T3/T2 switches can be connected for central control.
Set operating mode: Press MODE, search the **function INT** with SET and select with MODE. Select the channel with SET at CH and confirm with MODE. You can switch between CIA (automatic with central control), AUT (automatic), ON (with priority) or OFF (with priority) with SET. If you confirm ON or OFF with MODE, the correspondent telegram will be sent immediately. If the switching state should automatically change if a time program will be active, the channel must be set to CIA or AUT again. If MODE is pressed longer than 2 seconds, the normal display appears.

Teach-in channels in wireless actuators: Press MODE and search for the **function LRN** with SET and select with MODE. Select the channel at CH with SET and confirm with MODE. It can be switched between ON and OFF with SET. If ON is confirmed with MODE, LRN+ flashes and the function ON will be taught-in in the learning actuator with SET. Likewise it will be taught-in at OFF. See the operating instructions for more information.
Enter switching programs: press MODE and select one of the 60 memory locations from P01 to P60 with MODE and SET at the **function PRG**. See the operating instructions for more information. When **random mode** is switched on, all switching times of all channels are shifted incidentally by up to 15 minutes. Power-on times to previous and power-off times to future. For more information please see operating manual.

FSU14	Display timer	EAN 4010312313831	59,10 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS MULTIFUNCTION SENSOR RELAY FMSR14 AND WIRELESS WEATHER DATA TRANSMITTER MODULE FWS61



FMSR14



1-29

Multifunction sensor relay with display and 5 channels (brightness, twilight, wind, rain and frost) for the Eltako RS485 bus. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

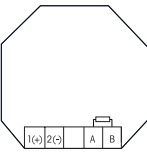
Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

This multifunction sensor relay evaluates the wireless telegrams of the **wireless weather data transmitter module FWS61** and, dependent on the setting, issues switching commands directly to the RS485 bus and also to the wireless network in the display by means of the MODE and SET buttons. This also allows control over wireless actuators installed at decentralised positions. If only centrally installed actuators need to be addressed to control shading elements from the FWS61, it is sufficient to teach-in the FSB14s in these actuators using the PC Tool PCT14. An FMSR14 is then not required.

For the function of the sensor relay FMSR14 it is necessary that a device address is assigned from the wireless antenna module FAM14, according to the manual.

FMSR14	Multifunction sensor relay	EAN 4010312314111	59,10 €/pc.
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FWS61-24V DC



Wireless weather data transmitter module for the seven weather items sent by the multisensor MS. With internal antenna. Only 0.3 watt standby loss.

For installation. 45 mm long, 45 mm wide, 18 mm deep.
Power (24V DC) is supplied by the switch mode power supply unit SNT61-230V/24V DC-0,25A (33 mm deep, 45mm long, 45mm wide). This switching power supply unit simultaneously supplies the multisensor MS including the heating of the rain sensor.

It is possible to use a deep UP box for the two devices.

This weather data transmitter module receives the seven momentary readings of the weather items: brightness (from three cardinal points), twilight, wind, rain and ambient temperature by cable J-Y (ST) Y 2x2x0,8 from the multisensor MS attached to the outside of the building. The readings are sent in the form of wireless telegrams over the Eltako wireless network with the priorities listed below. Only one MS multisensor can be connected to a wireless weather data transmitter module FWS61. However, several FWS61 can be connected to a multisensor MS. The external terminating resistor has to be present on only one FWS61. If there are other FWS61, it must be removed. The evaluation is made with the wireless building visualisation and control software GFVS, the wireless multifunction sensor relay FMSR14, or the actuators FSB14 and FSB71.

When the supply voltage is applied, a teach-in telegram is sent immediately and two status telegrams containing the momentary values are sent approx. 60 seconds later. At least every 10 minutes, but also:

Brightness values West, South and East each from 0 to 99 kLux if a change of minimum 10% occurs.

Twilight values from 0 to 999 Lux if a change of minimum 10% occurs.

Wind speeds from 0 to 70m/s. From 4m/s to 16m/s, the momentary values are sent immediately 3 times at intervals of 1 second. After that, further value increases are sent within 20 seconds. Dropping wind speeds are sent progressively delayed by 20 seconds.

Rain values at the start are sent immediately 3 times. After the rain stops, a telegram is sent within 20 seconds.

Temperature values from -40.0°C to +80.0°C are sent every 10 minutes together with all the other values in a status telegram.

Monitoring multisensor function and line break. If the weather data message from multisensor MS is not sent for 5 seconds, the FWS61 immediately sends an alarm telegram which is repeated every 30 seconds.

The alarm telegram can be taught-in as a switch telegram in an actuator to initiate further action as required. In addition, the two status telegrams containing the values brightness 0 Lux, twilight 0 Lux, temperature -40°C (frost), wind 70m/s and rain are sent.

When a message is again detected from the multisensor MS, the alarm stops automatically.

FWS61-24V DC	Wireless weather data transmitter module	EAN 4010312301937	69,10 €/pc.
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MS

Multisensor MS

The MS multi sensor sends the current weather details, including brightness (from three points of the compass), wind, rain and frost, to the weather data transmitter module FWS61 connected in series once per second. A standard telephone wire is sufficient as connecting lead: J-Y(ST)Y 2x2x0.8 or equivalent. 100 m line length is permitted. Solid plastic housing, L x W x H = 118 x 96 x 77 mm. Degree of protection IP44. Temperature at mounting location -30°C to +50°C. A power supply unit SNT61-230V/24V DC-0,25A is required for the power supply, including heating of the rain sensor. This simultaneously supplies the wireless weather data transmitter module FWS61-24V DC.

MS	Multisensor	EAN 4010312901731	259,00 €/pc.
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FWZ14-65A



Wireless single-phase energy meter transmitter module, maximum current 65 A. Only 0.5 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep. Accuracy class B (1%). With RS485 interface.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

The meter reading, the current power and the serial number will be handed over to the bus – eg for forwarding to an external computer, the software GFVS 4.0 or GFVS-Energy – and also to the wireless network via FAM14. For this it is necessary that a device address is assigned from the wireless antenna module FAM14, according to the manual.

It measures active energy by means of the current between input and output. The internal power consumption of 0.5 watt active power is not metered.

Like all meters without declaration of conformity (e.g. MID), this meter is not permitted for billing.

1 phase conductor with a max. current up to 65 A can be connected.

The inrush current is 40 mA. In operation the rotary switch must be set to AUTO.

Power consumption is indicated using a LED.

If the L input and the L output were interchanged when hooked up, a normal rate (HT)/off-peak (NT) switchover telegram is transmitted to indicate the hook-up error.

If the anticipated load exceeds 50%, maintain an air gap of ½ pitch unit to the devices mounted adjacently. Thereto included are 2 spacers DS14, a short jumper and two long jumpers.

Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14 page 1-40.

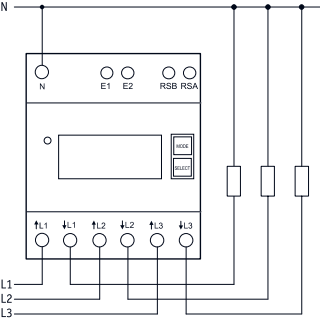
FWZ14-65A	Wireless single-phase energy meter transmitter module 65 A	EAN 4010312501511	65,70 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS WIRELESS THREE-PHASE ENERGY METER WITH DISPLAY, MID APPROVAL
DSZ14DRS-3X80A



Typical connection

4-wire-connection 3x230/400 V



Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

DSZ14DRS-3X80A MID

RS485 bus wireless three-phase energy meter. Maximum current 3 x 80 A. Standby loss 0.8 W at L1 and only 0.5 W at L2 and L3 each.

Modulair device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting in distribution cabinets with IP51 protection class.
4 modules = 70 mm wide and 58 mm deep.
Accuracy class B (1%). With RS485 interface.
It measures active energy by means of the current between input and output. The internal power consumption of 0.8 W or 0.5 W active power per path is neither metered nor indicated.
1, 2 or 3 phase conductors with max. currents up to 80 A can be connected.
The inrush current is 40 mA.
The terminals 1L1 and N must always be connected.

Connection to the Eltako RS485 bus via a FBA14 by means of a 2-wire screened bus line (e.g. telephone line). The meter reading and the momentary capacity are transferred to the bus – e.g. for transfer to an external computer of the GFVS 4.0 Software – and is also transferred to the wireless network via the FAM14. For this it is necessary that a device address is assigned from the wireless antenna module FAM14, according to the operating instructions.

The 7 segment LC display is also legible twice within a period of 2 weeks without power supply.
The power consumption is displayed with a LED flashing 1000 times per kWh next to the display.
Designed as standard for using as double-tariff meter: Switch over to a second tariff by applying 230 V to terminals E1/E2.

On the right next to the display are the keys MODE and SELECT. Press them to scroll through the menu according to the operation manual. First the **background lighting** switches on. The display then shows the total active energy per tariff, the active energy per resettable memory RS1 or RS2, and the instantaneous values of consumption, voltage and current per phase.

Error message (false)
When the phase conductor is missing or the current direction is wrong 'false' and the corresponding phase conductor are indicated on the display.

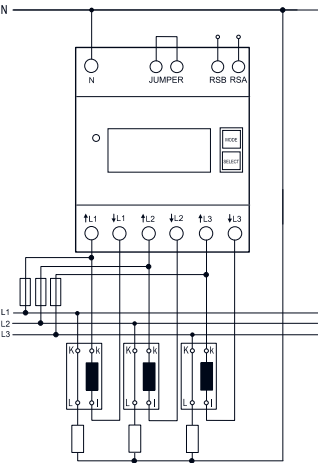
DSZ14DRS-3x80A	RS485 bus wireless three-phase energy meter, MID approval	EAN 4010312501733	170,00 €/pc.
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RS485 BUS WIRELESS THREE-PHASE ENERGY METER, MID APPROVAL
DSZ14WDRS-3X5A MID

1-32



Typical connection
4-wire-connection 3x230/400 V



Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

DSZ14WDRS-3X5A MID

RS485 bus wireless three-phase energy meter with settable CT ratio and MID. Maximum current 3x5 A. Standby loss 0.8 W at L1 and only 0.5 W at L2 and L3 each.

Modulair device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting in distribution cabinets with IP51 protection class. 4 modules = 70 mm wide and 58 mm deep. Accuracy class B (1%). With RS485 interface. This three-phase energy meter measures active energy by means of the current between input and output. The internal power consumption of 0.8 W or 0.5 W active power per path is neither metered nor indicated.

1, 2 or 3 phase conductors with max. currents up to 5 A can be connected.

The inrush current is 10 mA. The terminals I1 and N must always be connected.

Connection to the Eltako RS485 bus via a FBA14 by means of a 2-wire screened bus line (e.g. telephone line). The meter reading and the momentary capacity are transferred to the bus – e.g. for transfer to an external computer of the GFVS 4.0 Software – and is also transferred to the wireless network via the FAM14. For this it is necessary that a device address is assigned from the wireless antenna module FAM14, according to the operating instructions.

The 7 segment LC display is also legible twice within a period of 2 weeks without power supply.

The power consumption is displayed with a LED flashing 10 times per kWh next to the display. On the right next to the display are the keys MODE and SELECT. Press them to scroll through the menu. First the **background lighting** switches on. The display then shows the total active energy, the active energy of the resettable memory as well as the instantaneous values of consumption, voltage and current per phase

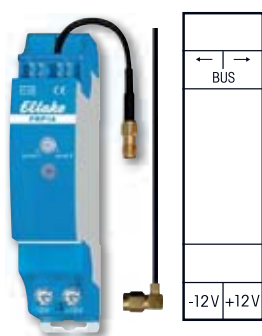
The CT ratio can also be set. It is set to 5:5 at the factory and blocked with a bridge over the terminals which are marked with 'JUMPER'. To adjust the CT ratio to the installed transformer remove the bridge and reset the energy meter according to the operation manual. Then block it again with the bridge. Adjustable current transformer ratios: 5:5, 50:5, 100:5, 150:5, 200:5, 250:5, 300:5, 400:5, 500:5, 600:5, 750:5, 1000:5, 1250:5 and 1500:5.

Error message (false)

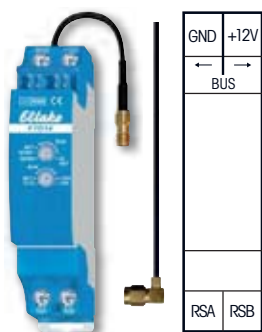
When the phase conductor is missing or the current direction is wrong 'false' and the corresponding phase conductor are indicated on the display.

Important! Before working on the current transformers disconnect the voltage paths of the energy meters.

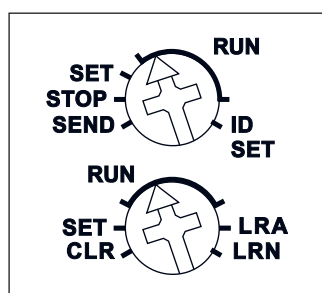
DSZ14WDRS-3x5A	RS485 bus wireless three-phase energy meter, MID approval	EAN 4010312501450	177,20 €/pc.
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Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.



Function rotary switches



Further settings can be made using the
PC Tool PCT14.

Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

Recommended retail prices excluding VAT.

FRP14



1-33

1 and 2 level wireless repeater with small antenna. Only 0.6 watt standby loss. If required, a wireless antenna FA250 can be connected.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.

1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

This repeater is only needed if the building conditions prevent undisturbed reception or the distance between the wireless pushbutton and receiver is too great.

Antenna FA250 with a 250 cm cable can be connected instead of the enclosed small antenna. When positioned in the optimal location, it can increase range considerably.

The 1-level mode is activated ex works. Only the signals from sensors and actuators are received, tested and retransmitted at full transmit power. Wireless signals from other repeaters are ignored to reduce the data volume.

In de-energized state it can be switched to 2-level mode with a rotary switch. After switching on the supply voltage, the wireless signals of another 1-level repeater are now being processed.

A signal can then be received and amplified maximum 2 times.

Wireless repeaters need not be taught-in. They receive and amplify signals from all wireless sensors within their reception area.

The LEDs under the rotary switch indicate all the wireless signals detected by briefly flashing.

The wireless repeater FRP14 can be installed either as a single device in a subdistributor panel.

It then requires a 12 V power supply from a switch mode power supply unit SNT12-230V/12V DC-1A. Or it is installed together with remote Series 14 wireless actuators and cross-wiring requires a jumper. There is no connection to the bus. It is only looped through.

FRP14	Wireless repeater	EAN 4010312313879	88,20 €/pc.
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FTD14



Telegram duplicator for the Eltako RS485 bus with exchangeable antenna. Only 0.5 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper. Operation in conjunction with FAM14 or FTS14KS.

The telegrams of taught-in IDs are duplicated and directly sent into the Eltako wireless network with a new output ID. These wireless telegrams can be specifically taught-in in decentralized actuators.

A total of 120 memory locations are available.

The upper rotary switch is used to selectively transmitting a wireless telegram. In normal operation, it is set to RUN.

The bottom rotary switch is used for teaching-in and deleting IDs. In normal operation, it is set to RUN.

The red LED below the upper rotary switch performs during the teaching-in process.

The green LED below the lower rotary switch lights up briefly when a wireless telegram is transmitted.

The enclosed small antenna can be replaced with a wireless antenna FA250 with magnetic base and cable.

FTD14	RS485 telegram duplicator	EAN 4010312315705	89,90 €/pc.
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WIRELESS ACTUATORS IN HEATING CIRCUIT DISTRIBUTORS WITH WIRELESS ROOM TEMPERATURE CONTROLLERS

Wireless room temperature controllers transmit wireless telegrams containing setpoints and actual values to a wireless antenna module in the heating circuit distributor. The distributor passes on the received data via an internal RS485 bus to actuators to control the device motors.

The modular design means that only the hardware actually needed is installed. This saves the cost of unnecessary actuators.

The usual term 'single room control' does not mean that only one room is controlled. In fact, zones are controlled. Every zone (e.g. every room) may have a separate room temperature controller and several zones in a room may have a common controller.

The power supply unit integrated in the antenna module can power up to 25 actuators and each actuator can control 1 or 2 heat zones. 2 actuators per zone can be directly connected.

If several actuators are required per zone, additional actuators are simply assigned to one zone.

The smallest unit comprises a 2 pitch unit (PU) wide antenna module FAM14 and 1 PU wide 2 zone actuator FAE14. One PU is only 1.8 cm wide.

The total width of the smallest unit with 2 zones is therefore only 3 PU = 5.4 cm. With 6 zones, the module width adds up to only 11 cm and with 12 zones, the total width is only 18 cm.

The actuators are powered by electronic solid state relays for 230 V actuators which have a practically unlimited service life, type FAE14SSR. In addition with conventional PCB relays for 24 V actuators, type FAE14LPR.

Modules are quickly cross-connected to the upper information side (bus and internal power supply) by means of jumpers.

With 230 V actuators and with 3 actuators and more (6 zones), it is recommended to fit 1 PU wide power supply unit STE14 snapped on the right with a preterminated busbar SAS. Otherwise they are connected by wire jumpers.

24 V DC actuators are powered by 12 W, 24 W or 48 W by a switch mode power supply unit SNT14-24V DC snapped on the right hand side. For 3 actuators or more, it can be connected using the pre-terminated busbar SAS.



FAM14 | FAE14SSR

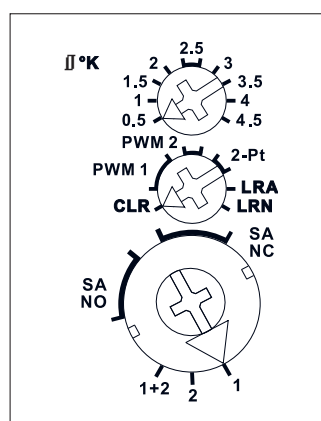


FAE14LPR | STE14 | SNT14 | TSA02NC

RS485 BUS ACTUATOR SINGLE ROOM CONTROL, HEATING/COOLING FOR 2 ZONES WITH SOLID STATE RELAY FAE14SSR



Function rotary switches



Further settings can be made using the PC Tool PCT14.

FAE14SSR



1-35

Noiseless 2-channel single room control, 400 W. 2 solid state relays not potential free. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

If both relays are switched on, a power of 0.4 watts is required.

The rated switching capacity of 400 W is applied for one contact and also for the sum of the two contacts.

From production week 35/16 with automatic electronic over temperature shutdown.

With a load < 1W a GLE must be switched parallel to the load.

First teach in the sensors **using the rotary switches.**

The channels can be taught-in together at the same time. Use the lower rotary switch in positions 1+2.

Alternatively, they can be taught-in separately in position 1 or 2.

Then set the operating mode using the middle rotary switch:

PWM 1 for valves with thermoelectric actuator, T = 4 minutes.

PWM 2 for valves with motor-driven actuator, T = 15 minutes.

2-Pt for 2-point control.

PWM control mode: The upper rotary switch sets the required temperature difference at which the device is switched on at 100%.

When the actual temperature $\geq$ reference temperature, the device is switched off.

When the actual temperature $\leq$ (reference temperature - hysteresis), the device is switched on at 100%.

When the actual temperature is between (reference temperature - hysteresis) and the reference temperature, the device is switched on and off by a PWM in steps of 10% depending on the temperature difference. The lower the temperature difference, the shorter the switch-on time. As a result of the settability of the 100% value, the PWM can be adapted to the radiator size and inertia. The signs are the opposite in cooling mode.

In heating mode, the **frost protection function** is always enabled. As soon as the actual temperature drops below 8°C, the temperature is controlled in the selected operating mode to 8°C.

Two-point control mode: The upper rotary switch sets the required difference between the switch-on and switch-off temperatures.

When the actual temperature $\geq$ reference temperature, the device is switched off.

When the actual temperature $\leq$ (reference temperature - hysteresis), the device is switched on.

The signs are the opposite in cooling mode.

The type of connected actuators will be selected with **the lower rotary switch**. **SA NC** for actuator NC (normally closed) or **SA NO** for actuator NO (normally open).

When **wireless window/door contacts FTK** or **window handle sensors FFG7B-rw** are taught-in, they are OR linked. If one or more windows are open, the output remains off. In heating mode, however, the frost protection remains enabled.

When **motion detectors FBH** are taught-in, they are AND linked. If all FBHs signal 'No motion', the device switches to standby setback mode: In heating mode, the reference temperature is set back by 2°; in cooling mode, it is raised by 2°. As soon as a motion detector signals movement again, the device is switched to normal mode.

When the **FBHs and wireless pushbuttons** are taught-in, the last telegram received is always the one that is valid. An FBH therefore switches off a setback mode selected by means of the wireless pushbutton when motion is detected.

When a **wireless pushbutton** is taught-in, the 4 keys are assigned the following functions:

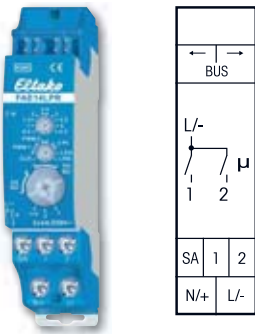
Top right: Normal mode (can also be enabled by timer with the function 'ON'). Bottom right: Night setback mode by 4°; in cooling mode: increase by 4° (can also be enabled by timer with the function 'OFF'). Top left: Standby setback mode by 2°, in cooling mode, increase by 2°. Bottom left: Off (in heating mode, frost protection enabled; in cooling mode permanent off).

Malfunction mode: If no wireless telegram will be received from a temperature sensor for more than 1 hour, the LED lights up and it will be switched to **fault mode**: in heating mode it will be switched on for 1.2 minutes and switched off for 2.8 minutes at PWM 1. At PWM 2 and 2-Pt the times are 4,5 minutes 'on' and 10.5 minutes 'off'.

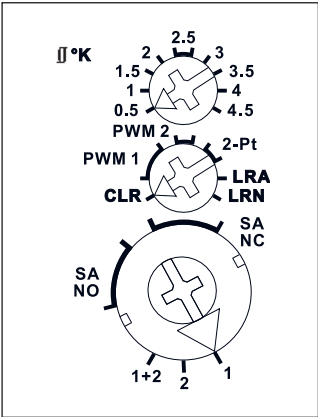
The device is switched off in cooling mode. When a wireless telegram is again received, the LED goes out and the device switches back to normal mode.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FAE14SSR	RS485 bus actuator with solid state relay	EAN 4010312314173	62,80 €/pc.
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Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

FAE14LPR



2-channel single room control, 4 A/250 V, potential free. Bidirectional. Only 0.1 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Connection to the Eltako-RS485 bus. Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.

If both relays are switched on, a power of 0.4 watts is required.

The channels can be taught-in together at the same time. Use the lower rotary switch in positions 1+2. Alternatively, they can be taught-in separately in position 1 or 2.

First teach in the sensors **using the rotary switches**. In normal mode, set the operating mode using the middle rotary switch.

PWM 1 for valves with thermoelectric actuator, T = 4 minutes.

PWM 2 for valves with motor-driven actuator, T = 15 minutes.

2-Pt for 2-point control.

PWM control mode: The upper rotary switch sets the required temperature difference at which the device is switched on at 100%.

When the actual temperature $\geq$ reference temperature, the device is switched off.

When the actual temperature $\leq$ (reference temperature - hysteresis), the device is switched on at 100%.

When the actual temperature is between (reference temperature - hysteresis) and the reference temperature, the device is switched on and off by a PWM in steps of 10% depending on the temperature difference.

The lower the temperature difference, the shorter the switch-on time. As a result of the settability of the 100% value, the PWM can be adapted to the radiator size and inertia.

The signs are the opposite in cooling mode.

In heating mode, the **frost protection function** is always enabled. As soon as the actual temperature drops below 8°C, the temperature is controlled in the selected operating mode to 8°C.

Two-point control mode: The upper rotary switch sets the required difference between the switch-on and switch-off temperatures.

When the actual temperature $\geq$ reference temperature, the device is switched off.

When the actual temperature $\leq$ (reference temperature - hysteresis), the device is switched on.

The signs are the opposite in cooling mode.

The type of connected actuators will be selected **with the lower rotary switch**. **SA NC** for actuator NC (normally closed) or **SA NO** for actuator NO (normally open).

When **wireless window/door contacts FTK** or **window handle sensors FFG7B-rw** are taught-in, they are OR linked. If one or more windows are open, the output remains off. In heating mode, however, the frost protection remains enabled.

When **motion detectors FBH** are taught-in, they are AND linked. If all FBHs signal 'No motion', the device switches to standby setback mode: In heating mode, the reference temperature is set back by 2°; in cooling mode, it is raised by 2°. As soon as a motion detector signals movement again, the device is switched to normal mode.

When the **FBHs and wireless pushbuttons** are taught-in, the last telegram received is always the one that is valid. An FBH therefore switches off a setback mode selected by means of the wireless pushbutton when motion is detected.

When a **wireless pushbutton** is taught-in, the 4 keys are assigned the following functions:

Top right: Normal mode (can also be enabled by timer with the function 'ON'). Bottom right: Night setback mode by 4°; in cooling mode: increase by 4° (can also be enabled by timer with the function 'OFF'). Top left: Standby setback mode by 2°, in cooling mode, increase by 2°. Bottom left: Off (in heating mode, frost protection enabled; in cooling mode permanent off).

Malfunction mode: If no wireless telegram will be received from a temperature sensor for more than 1 hour, the LED lights up and it will be switched to fault mode: in heating mode it will be switched on for 1.2 minutes and switched off for 2.8 minutes at PWM 1. At PWM 2 and 2-Pt the times are 4.5 minutes 'on' and 10.5 minutes 'off'. The device is switched off in cooling mode. When a wireless telegram is again received, the LED goes out and the device switches back to normal mode.

The LED below the upper function rotary switch performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows control commands by short flickering during operation.

FAE14LPR	RS485 bus actuator	EAN 4010312314234	55,10 €/pc.
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TSA02NC-230 V

Thermal actuator AFRISO-230 V/2 W, normally closed contact (NC).
Electrical control of hot water valves.

Actuators convert the electrical signal of room or clock thermostats in one valve stroke and control the set temperature. Connected directly to the valve or distributor top part by connecting cable and union nut.

IP54. Power supply 230 V $\pm 10\%$.

I max 200 mA, $-5/+60^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Stroke > 3 mm in 3-6 minutes. F ~ 90 N.

TSA02NC-230V	Actuator NC, 230 V	EAN 4010312314425	29,00 €/pc.
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TSA02NC-24V

Thermal actuator AFRISO-24 V/2 W, normally closed contact (NC).
Electrical control of hot water valves.

Actuators convert the electrical signal of room or clock thermostats in a valve stroke and control the set temperature. Connected directly to the valve or distributor top part by connecting cable and union nut.

IP54. Power supply 24 V $\pm 10\%$.

I max 230 mA, $-5/+60^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Stroke > 3 mm in 3-6 minutes. F ~ 90 N.

TSA02NC-24 V	Actuator NC, 24 V	EAN 4010312314432	29,00 €/pc.
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POWER INPUT STE14 AND BUS BARS SAS-

1-38



STE14



Power input for 230 V actuators.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.

Cross wiring bus and power supply via jumper.

The power input STE14 is connected to the 230 V power supply for the actuators on the upper input side. A busbar SAS- is plugged and screwed to the lower output side. The number of pitch units results from the sum of 1 PU for each STE14 and FAE14 device plus 2 PUs for the FAM14. The STE14 can be mounted left, right or between the actuators.

With 24 V actuators, an STE14 is not required since the busbar here connects the 24 V output of the switch mode power supply unit to the power supply for the actuators.

A connection with the bus and the 12 V power supply does not take place. They will only be looped with the jumper.

STE14	Power input	EAN 4010312314029	21,00 €/pc.
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Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.



SAS-

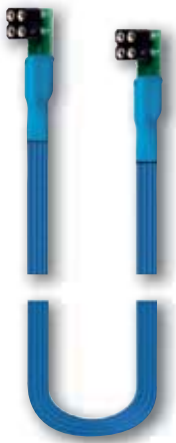


Bus bars for cross-connecting power input STE14 or switch mode power supply unit FSNT14 to actuators FAE14SSR and FAE14LPR.

SAS-6TE	Bus bars 6 PU	EAN 4010312314050	12,70 €/pc.
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BUS JUMPER CONNECTOR BBV14 AND BUS COUPLER FBA14

1-39



BBV14



Bus jumper connector for wired connections of the bus and power supply jumpers Series 14, length of 45 cm. 4-core wire with soldered plugs on both sides.

The bus jumper connector BBV14 can connect bus parts on different rails.
To connect DIN-Rail devices of Series 14 with cross-wiring and bus power supply with jumpers on different rails in a cabinet or distributor with minimum space, bus jumper connectors can be plugged at the end and the beginning of the next device series.
If longer connections are required, FBA14 bus coupler should be used.

BBV14	Bus jumper connector	EAN 4010312315248	23,10 €/pc.
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FBA14



Bus coupler for wire connections of bus and power supply jumpers Series 14.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
Bus cross wiring and power supply with jumper.
Bus coupler FBA14 can connect various bus parts as well as feed power supplies.
Bus parts on different DIN rails or in other distributors or switch cabinets are each connected to an FBA14 and a 4-wire screened bus line, e.g. a telephone line. The total length of all connecting lines should not exceed 100 m. A 9 mm wide second terminating resistor (supplied with the FAM14 respectively FTS14KS) must be plugged into the last actuator.
The bus coupler may be positioned at any point in a Series 14 device row. The 4 wires of the bus line are connected to the -12 V, +12 V, RSA and RSB terminals of the two FBA14s.
The jumper plugged in ex works to the lower terminal block must remain fitted to ← +12 V →.
This jumper also remains fitted if a switch mode power supply unit FSNT12-12V/12W is connected to the +12 V and -12 V terminals to produce power supply redundancy.
If the power supply of the switch mode power supply unit in the FAM14 or FTS14KS is insufficient to power the entire RS485 bus, a switch mode power supply unit SNT12-230V/12V DC-1A can be connected to the -12 V and +12 V terminals of the bus coupler to increase capacity. In this case the jumper must be removed. Actuators to the left of the bus coupler are powered by the FAM14 or FTS14KS, actuators to the right are powered by the switch mode power supply unit.

FBA14	Bus coupler	EAN 4010312313862	26,80 €/pc.
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Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.

1-40



Disconnecting link TB14

Housing for operating instructions GBA14
page 1-40.



FSNT14-12V/12W



Switching power supply unit rated capacity 12 W. Standby loss 0.2 watt only.

Modular devices for DIN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 1 module = 18 mm wide, 58 mm deep.
If the total power demand of a Series 14 bus system is higher than 8 W, other switching power supply units FSNT14-12V/12W are required. These are each supplying a group of actuators, which are separated with a disconnecting link on the FSNT14.
The scope of delivery includes 1 disconnecting link TB14 1 module, 1 jumper 1.5 modules and a spacer DS14. At a load of more than 50% of the rated capacity and always if there are adjacent switching power supply units and dimmers a ventilation clearance of 1/2 module must be maintained with the spacers DS14. Therefore, this and a long jumper are included to the dimmers.
Input voltage 230 V (-20% bis +10%). Efficiency 83%.
Stabilised output voltage $\pm 1\%$, low residual ripple. Short-circuit proof.
Overload protection and over-temperature switch-off by means of switching off with automatic switching-on after fault clearance (autorecovery function).
This switching power supply unit can also be used for producing a redundancy. Therefore only 1 FSNT14 should be plugged in parallel to the integrated power supply units into the FAM14 and FTS14KS and connected to a normal jumper. For an optimal load distribution, the FSNT14 should be placed as close as possible next to the last bus actuator.

FSNT14-12V/12W	Power supply unit Series 14	EAN 4010312315095	49,70 €/pc.
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DS14

Spacer

1/2 module wide = 9 mm, to produce and maintain a ventilation clearance for modular devices dissipating much heat, e.g. dimmers and switching power supply units.

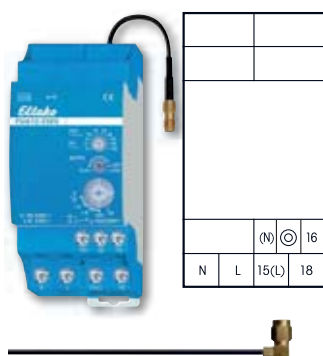
DS14	Spacer	EAN 4010312907016	1,40 €/pc.
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GBA14

Housing for operating instructions

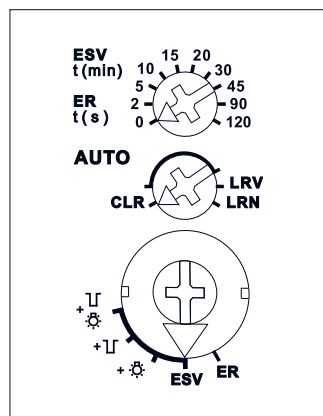
Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting.
1 module = 18 mm wide, 55 mm deep.
Housing without front panel to insert operating instructions.

GBA14	Housing for operating instr., white-blue	EAN 4010312906422	2,70 €/pc.
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The enclosed small antenna can be replaced with a wireless antenna FA250 or if need be FA200 with magnetic base and cable. Accessories chapter Z.

Function rotary switches



Standard setting ex works.

FUA12-230V



1-41

Wireless universal actuator with exchangeable antenna. Impulse switch with integrated relay function with 1 change over contact potential free 10 A/250 V AC, incandescent lamps up to 2000 W, with DX technology. Bidirectional. Encrypted wireless. Only 0.9 watt standby loss.

Modular device for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules = 36 mm wide, 58 mm deep. Supply voltage 230 V.

The wireless universal actuator combines the functions of a wireless antenna module and an actuator as a 1-channel impulse switching relay with DX technology.

If supply voltage fails, the switching state is retained. When supply voltage is restored, the device is switched off in defined mode.

The switched consumer may not be connected to the mains before the short automatic synchronisation after installation has terminated.

Patented Eltako Duplex technology allows you to switch normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when 230 V A/C voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the N conductor to the terminal (N) and L to 15(L). This results in an additional standby consumption of only 0.1 watt.

It is also possible to control the device via the wired pushbutton terminal ☉. In this case the N wire must be connected on the terminal (N). Glow lamp current is not permitted.

230 V control pushbutton: control current: 0,4 mA, max. parallel capacitance 0.3 µF (approx. length) of (1000 m) local control lead.

You can switch on **bidirectional wireless** and/or a **repeater** function. Every status change and incoming central control telegrams are then confirmed by a wireless telegram. This wireless telegram can be taught-in in other actuators, in the GFVS software and in universal displays.

The function of the actuator is set **with the lower rotary switch**.

ER = switching relay

ESV = impulse switch. Possibly with off delay

+ ☉ = ESV with pushbutton permanent light

+ ⏏ = ESV with switch-off early warning

+ ⏏ + ☉ = ESV with pushbutton permanent light and switch-off early warning

If the permanent light function is switched on, the function can be activated by pressing the pushbutton for longer than 1 second. This function switches off automatically after 2 hours or by pressing the pushbutton.

If the switch-off early warning is switched on, the light starts to flicker approx. 30 seconds before time-out. This is repeated three times at decreasing time intervals.

The function **ESV on the upper rotary switch** sets the off delay from 2 to 120 minutes. In setting 0 normal impulse switch function ES without off delay, without pushbutton permanent light and without switch-off early warning.

In setting **ER** = switching relay of the lower rotary switch, this rotary switch fulfils a safety and power saving function in the settings except 0: If the opening command cannot be detected, for example, because of a jammed or too hastily operated pushbutton, contact 18 opens automatically after expiry of the set time between 2 and 120 seconds. When a FTK is taught-in, this time function is turned off.

Universal pushbuttons can be taught-in as **NC contacts**.

FTK wireless window/door contact and window handle sensors FFG7B-rw: ER function position: Several FTK devices and (or) window handle sensors FFG7B-rw are interlinked; NO contact: When a window is opened, contact 18 closes. All windows must be closed before contact 18 opens (e.g. controller for cooker extraction hoods). NC contact: All windows must be closed before contact 18 closes. When a window is opened, contact 18 opens (e.g. for climate control systems).

Twilight pushbutton with taught-in FAH wireless outdoor brightness sensor in function position **ESV**. In time setting 120, contact 18 opens with a time delay of 4 minutes when brightness reaches high enough levels. In time setting 0, the contact opens immediately. Pushbutton activation also remains available.

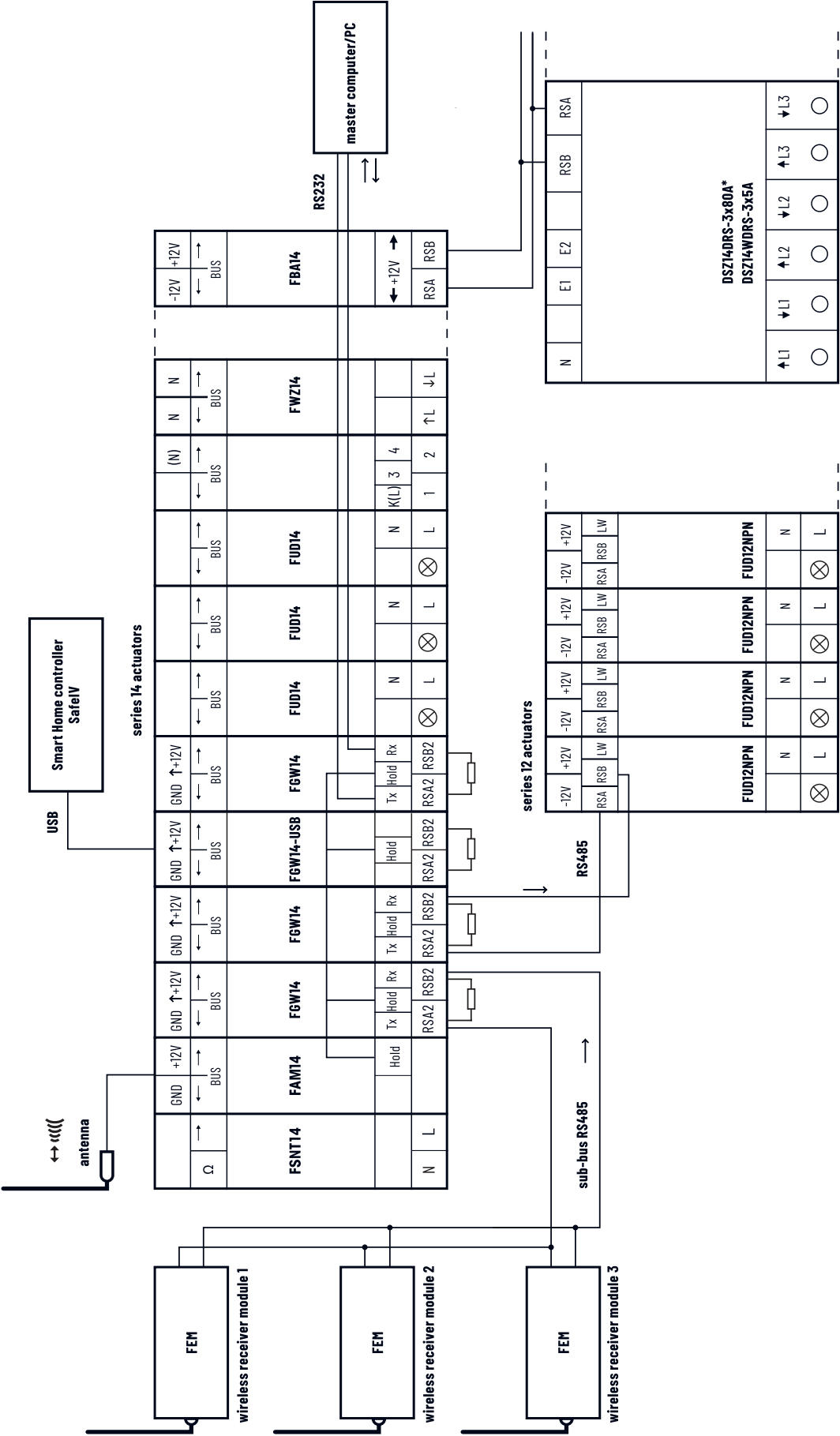
Motion detection with taught-in **FBH (slave)** wireless motion detector and in **ER** function position. The device switches on when motion is detected. If no more motion is detected, contact 18 opens after expiry of the set time between 0 and 120 seconds. When an **FBH (master)** wireless detector and brightness detector is taught-in, use the upper rotary switch to define the switching threshold at which the lighting is switched on or off depending on the brightness (in addition to motion). An FAH wireless outdoor brightness sensor or an FBH (master) wireless motion detector and brightness sensor can be used in **ER** function position together with FBH (slave) motion detector so that motion is only evaluated in darkness. If FAH or FBH (master) detects brightness, contact 18 opens immediately.

When teaching-in, the switching threshold is also taught-in: between break of twilight and complete darkness.

The LED performs during the teach-in process according to the operating instructions. It shows wireless control commands by short flickering during operation.

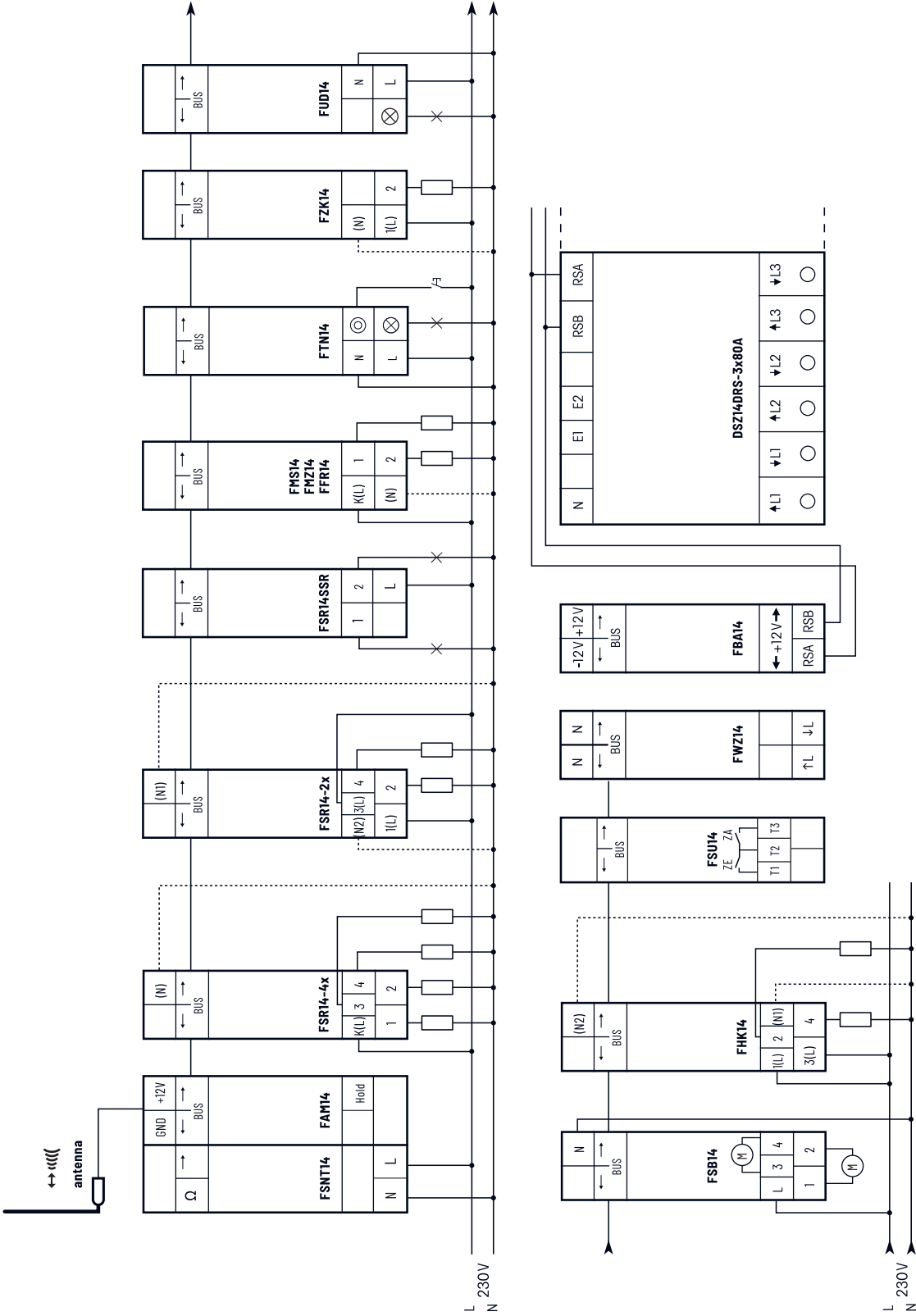
FUA12-230V	Wireless universal actuator	EAN 4010312316955	118,30 €/pc.
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MAXIMUM CONFIGURATION OF THE SERIES 14 RS485 BUS
WITH 3 GATEWAYS AND 3 WIRELESS RECEIVER MODULES



* Three-phase energy meters DSZ14 must be connected to the end of a bus line.
The enclosed second terminating resistor has to be plugged to the last actuator of the FAM14 or the terminating resistor can be clamped under the terminals RSB/RSA of the last energy meter (120 Ω, not included).

CONNECTION EXAMPLE WIRELESS ANTENNA MODULE WITH DOWNSTREAM ACTUATORS AND METERS



The enclosed second terminating resistor has to be plugged to the last actuator of the FAM14 or the terminating resistor can be clamped under the terminals RSB/RSA of the last energy meter (120Ω, not included).

TECHNICAL DATA – SWITCHING ACTUATORS AND DIMMING ACTUATORS FOR THE ELTAKO RS485 BUS

1-44

Type	F4HK14 FHK14 FSB14 FSR14-4x	FUD14 ¹⁾ FUD14/800W ¹⁾⁷⁾	FSG14/1-10V ^{b)}	F2L14 ^{b)} F4SR14-LED FFR14, FMS14 FMZ14, FSR14-2x ^{b)} FTN14 ^{b)} , FZK14 ^{b)}	FSR14SSR
Contacts					
Contact material/contact gap	AgSnO ₂ /0.5 mm	Power MOSFET	AgSnO ₂ /0.5 mm	AgSnO ₂ /0.5 mm	Opto-Triac
Test voltage control connections/contact	-	-	-	2000 V	4000 V
Rated switching capacity each contact	4 A/250 V AC	-	600 VA ⁵⁾	16 A/250 V AC; FMZ14: 10 A/250 V AC F4SR14: 8 A/250 V AC	up to 400 W ⁶⁾
230 V LED lamps	up to 200 W	Trailing edge up to 400 W Leading edge up to 100 W FUD14/800W: Trailing edge up to 800 W Leading edge up to 200 W	-	up to 400 W	up to 400 W ⁶⁾
incandescent lamps and halogen lamp load 230 V ²⁾	1000 W I on ≤ 10 A/10 ms	up to 400 W; FUD14/800 W: up to 800 W ¹⁾³⁾⁴⁾	-	2000 W F4SR14: 1800 W I on ≤ 70 A/10 ms	up to 400 W ⁶⁾
Fluorescent lamp load with KVG* in lead-lag circuit or non compensated	500 VA	-	-	1000 VA	-
Fluorescent lamp load with KVG* shunt-compensated or with EVG*	250 VA, I on ≤ 10 A/10 ms	-	600 VA ⁵⁾	500 VA	up to 400 VA ⁶⁾
Compact fluorescent lamps with EVG* and energy saving lamps ESL	up to 200 W ⁹⁾	up to 400 W ⁹⁾¹⁾	-	up to 400 W ⁹⁾	up to 400 W ⁶⁾⁹⁾
Inductive load cos φ = 0,6/230 V AC inrush current ≤ 35 A	650 W ⁸⁾	-	-	650 W ⁸⁾	-
Max. switching current DC1: 12 V/24 V DC	4 A	-	-	8 A (not F TN14)	-
Life at rated load, cos φ = 1 or for incandescent lamps 500 W at 100/h	>10 ⁵	-	>10 ⁵	>10 ⁵	∞
Service life at rated load, cos φ = 0,6 at 100/h	>4x10 ⁴	-	>4x10 ⁴	>4x10 ⁴	∞
Max. operating cycles	10 ³ /h	-	10 ³ /h	10 ³ /h	10 ³ /h
Maximum conductor cross-section (3-fold terminal)	6 mm ² (4 mm ²)	6 mm ² (4 mm ²)	6 mm ² (4 mm ²)	6 mm ² (4 mm ²)	6 mm ²
Two conductors of same cross-section (3-fold terminal)	2.5 mm ² (1.5 mm ²)	2.5 mm ² (1.5 mm ²)	2.5 mm ² (1.5 mm ²)	2.5 mm ² (1.5 mm ²)	2.5 mm ² (1.5 mm ²)
Screw head	slotted/cross-head, pozidriv	slotted/crosshead, pozidriv	slotted/cross-head, pozidriv	slotted/crosshead, pozidriv	slotted/cross-head, pozidriv
Type of enclosure/terminals	IP50/IP20	IP50/IP20	IP50/IP20	IP50/IP20	IP50/IP20
Electronics					
Time on	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Max./min. temperature at mounting location	+50°C/-20°C	+50°C/-20°C	+50°C/-20°C	+50°C/-20°C	+50°C/-20°C
Standby loss (active power)	0.1 W	0.3 W	0.9 W	0.05-0.5 W	0.1 W
Local control current at 230 V control input	-	-	-	5 mA	-
Max. parallel capacitance (approx. length) of local control lead at 230 V AC	-	-	-	FTN14: 0.3 μF (1000 m)	-

* EVG = electronic ballast units; KVG = conventional ballast units

^{b)} Bistable relay as relay contact. After installation, wait for short automatic synchronisation before teaching-in the wireless pushbuttons.

¹⁾ If the load exceeds 200 W, a ventilation clearance of 1/2 pitch unit to adjacent devices must be maintained.

²⁾ Applies to lamps of max. 150 W.

³⁾ Per dimmer or capacity enhancer it is only allowed to use max. 2 inductive (wound) transformers of the same type, **furthermore no-load operation on the secondary part is not permitted. The dimmer might be destroyed.**

Therefore do not permit load breaking on the secondary part. Operation in parallel of inductive (wound) and capacitive (electronic) transformers is not permitted!

⁴⁾ When calculating the load a loss of 20% for inductive (wound) transformers and a loss of 5% for capacitive (electronic) transformers must be considered in addition to the lamp load.

⁵⁾ Fluorescent lamps or LV halogen lamps with electronic ballast.

⁶⁾ Applies to one contact and the sum of both contacts.

⁷⁾ Capacity increase for all dimmable lamp types with Capacity Enhancer FLUD14.

⁸⁾ All actuators with 2 contacts: Inductive load cos φ = 0.6 as sum of both contacts 1000 W max.

⁹⁾ Generally applies to 230 V LED lamps and energy saving lamps (ESL). Due to different lamp electronics, switch on/off problems and a restriction in the maximum number of lamps, however, the dimming ranges may be limited depending on the manufacturer; in particular when the connected load is very low (e.g. with 5 W LEDs). The dimmer switch comfort settings EC1, EC2, LC1, LC2 and LC3 optimise the dimming range, however, the maximum power is then only up to 100 W. In these comfort settings, no inductive (wound) transformers may be dimmed.

The second terminating resistor has to be plugged to the last actuator included in the FAM14 respectively FSNT14 scope of supply.

Eltako Wireless is based on the EnOcean wireless standard for 868 MHz, frequency 868.3 MHz, data rate 125 kbps, modulation mode ASK, max. transmit power 7 dBm (<10 mW).

POWER REQUIREMENT OF THE 12 V DC POWER SUPPLY OF SERIES 14

1-45

The switching power supply unit in the FAM14 resp. FTS14KS provides 12 V DC/8 W*. The maximum power consumption of each connected device must be added to calculate the total power consumption of the 12 V DC power supply.

Device	Maximum power requirement (existing relay energized)
BGW14	0.30 W
F2L14	0.14 W
F3Z14D	0.10 W
F4HK14	0.70 W
F4SR14-LED	1.00 W
FAE14LPR	0.42 W
FAE14SSR	0.40 W
FBA14	-
FDG14	0.40 W
FFR14	0.63 W
FGSM14	0.20 W
FGW14	0.50 W
FGW14-USB	0.30 W
FHK14	0.42 W
FLUD14	-
FMS14	0.63 W
FMSR14	0.10 W
FMZ14	0.40 W
FPLG14	0.40 W
FPLT14	0.40 W
FRP14	0.50 W
FSB14	0.42 W
FSDG14	0.40 W
FSG14/1-10V	0.20 W
FSM14	0.10 W
FSR14-2x	0.14 W
FSR14-4x	0.70 W
FSR14SSR	0.40 W
FSU14	0.14 W
FTD14	0.53 W
FTN14	0.14 W
FTS14EM	0.13 W
FTS14FA	0.50 W
FTS14GBZ	0.10 W
FTS14TG	0.42 W
FUD14	0.20 W
FUD14/800W	0.20 W
FWG14MS	0.30 W
FWZ14-65A	0.10 W
FZK14	0.14 W
STE14	-

* If the power requirement is greater, a switching power supply unit FSNT14-12V/12W should be used for each 12 watts of more power. Furthermore a disconnecting link TB14 has to be attached instead of a normal jumper to separate the additionally powered group.